Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University (Established as a University of Technology in the State of Maharashtra) (under Maharashtra Act No. XXIX of 2014) P.O. Lonere, Dist. Raigad, Pin 402 103, Maharashtra Telephone and Fax. : 02140 -275142

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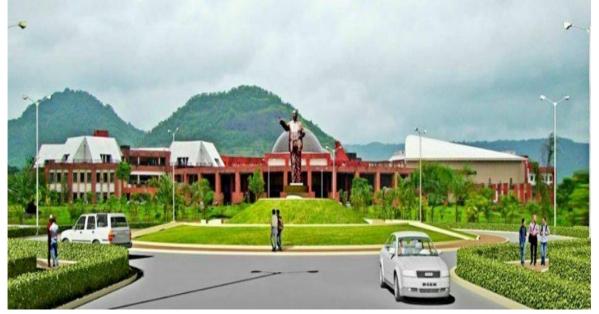


COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

for

Second Year B. Tech. Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering

With effect from the Academic Year 2021-2022



B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

Basic Sciences Courses(BSC)						
BTBS101	Engineering (3-1-0)					
	Mathematics - I					
BTBS102	Engineering Physics	(3-1-0)4				
BTBS107L	Engineering Physics	(0-0-2)1				
	Lab					
BTBS201	Engineering	(3-1-0)4				
	Mathematics - II					
BTBS202	Engineering Chemistry	(3-1-0)4				
BTBS207L	Engineering Chemistry	(0-0-2)1				
	Lab					
BTBS301	Engineering	(3-1-0)4				
	Mathematics-III					
BTBS404	Analog and Digital	(3-0-0)3				
	Electronics					
BTBSL409	Analog and Digital	(0-0-2)1				
	Electronics Lab					

Engineering Sciences Courses(BSC)				
BTES103	Engineering Graphics	(2-0-0)2		
BTES105	Energy and	(2-0-0)2		
	Environment			
	Engineering			
BTES106	Basic Civil and	(2-0-0)		
	Mechanical			
	Engineering			
BTES108L	Engineering Graphics	(0-0-4)2		
	Lab			
BTES203	Engineering	(2-1-0)3		
	Mechanics			
BTES204	Computer	(3-0-0)3		
	Programming			
BTES205	Workshop Practice	(0-0-4)2		
BTES206	Basic Electrical and	(2-0-0)		
	Electronics			
	Engineering			
BTES208L	Engineering	(0-0-2)1		
	Mechanics Lab			
BTES305	Engineering Material	(3-0-0)		
	Science			

Humanities and Social Science Including Management Courses(HSSMC)			
BTHM104	Communication Skills	(2-0-0)2	

BTHM109L	Communication Skills	(0-0-2)1
	Lab	
BTHM304	Basic Human Rights	Audit
BTHM506	Foreign Languages	Audit
	(A) Japanese	
	Language	
	(B) German	
	Language	
BTHM706	Engineering	Audit
	Operations and	
	Project Management	

Professional Core Course (PCC)					
BTEEC302	Electrical Machines-I	(3-1-0)4			
BTEEC303	Electrical and	(3-1-0)4			
	Electronics				
	Measurement				
BTEEL306	Electrical Machines	(0-0-2)1			
	Lab				
BTEEL307	Electrical and	(0-0-2)1			
	Electronics				
	Measurement Lab				
BTEEC401	Network Theory	(3-1-0)4			
BTEEC402	Power System	(3-1-0)4			
BTEEC403	Electrical Machines-II	(3-1-0)4			
BTEEL406	Network Theory Lab	(0-0-2)1			
BTEEL407	Power System Lab	(0-0-2)1			
BTEEL408	Electrical Machines-II (0-0-2)				
	Lab				
BTEEC501	Power System	(3-1-0)4			
	Analysis				
BTEEC502	Microprocessor and	(3-0-0)3			
	Microcontroller				
BTEEC503	Power Electronics	(3-1-0)4			
BTEEL507	Power System	(0-0-2)1			
	Analysis Lab				
BTEEL508	Microprocessor and	(0-0-2)1			
	Microcontroller Lab				
BTEEL509	Power Electronics Lab	(0-0-2)1			
BTEEC601	Switchgear Protection	(3-0-0)3			
BTEEC602	Electrical Machine (3-1-0)4				
	Design				
BTEEC603	Control System (3-1-0)4				
	Engineering				

BTEEL606	Switchgear Protection (0-0-2)	
	Lab	
BTEEL607	Electrical Machine	(0-0-2)1
	Design Lab	
BTEEL608	Control System	(0-0-2)1
	Engineering Lab	
BTEEC701	High Voltage	(3-1-0)4
	Engineering	
BTEEC702	Power System	(3-1-0)4
	Operation and Control	
BTEEL707	High Voltage	(0-0-2)1
	Engineering Lab	

Professional Elective Course (PEC)			
BTEEPE405	(A)Electromagnetic	(3-0-0)3	
	Field Theory		
	(B)Signals and		
	System		
	©Advance		
	Renewable Energy		
	Sources		
	(D)Electronic		
	Devices and Circuits		
BTEEPE504	(A)Industrial	(3-0-0)3	
	Automation		
	(B)Power Quality		
	Issues		
	©HVDC		
BTEEPE604	(A)Application of	(3-0-0)3	
	Power Electronics		
	in Power System		
	(B)Smart Grid		
	Technology		
	©Modeling,		
	Simulation and		
	Control of Electric		
	Drives		
BTEEPE703	(A)Energy Audit and	(3-0-0)3	
	Conservation		
	(B)Electrical System		
	Design for Building		
	©Flexible AC		
	Transmission System		
	(D)Electrical		
	Utilization		

Open Elective Course (OEC)						
BTEEOE505 (A)Embedded (3-0-0)3						
	System					
	(B)Electrical Safety					

	©Condition	
	Monitoring of	
	Electric Apparatus	
BTEEOE605	(A)E-waste	(3-0-0)3
	Management	(/ -
	(B)Power Plant	
	Engineering	
	©Sensor Technology	
	(D)Lightning	
	Interaction with	
	Power System	
BTEEOE704	(A)Process Control	(3-0-0)3
	Instrumentation	
	(B)Biomedical	
	Instrumentation	
	©Mechatronics	
BTEEOE705	(A)Testing,	(3-0-0)3
	Maintenance and	
	Commissioning of	
	Electrical Equipment	
	(B)Electric and	
	Hybrid Electric	
	Vehicles	
	©Internet of Things	
	(IoT)	

Seminar / Mi	Seminar / Mini Project / Internship					
BTES209S	Seminar (0-0-2)1					
BTES211P	(Internship – I)	1				
	Field Training /					
	Internship/Industrial					
	Training (minimum					
	of 4 weeks which can					
	be completed					
	partially in first					
	semester and second					
	Semester or in at one					
	time).					
BTEEM308	Miniproject-I	(0-0-4)2				
BTEEP410	(Internship – II)	1				
BTEEM509	Miniproject-II	(0-0-2)1				
BTEES609	Seminar	(0-0-4)2				
BTEEP610	(Internship – III)					
BTEEM708	In house project-I /	(0-0-4)2				
	Mini project-III					

Project(MP)					
BTEEP802	BTEEP802 In house project-I /				
	Internship & Project	13			
	in Industry				

B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

Plan of Study:

No.of								
Courses								
1	I	11	111	IV	v	VI	VII	VIII
2	BTBS101	BTBS201	BTBS301	BTEEC401	BTEEC501	BTEEC601	BTEEC701	BTEEPE801
3	BTBS102	BTBS202	BTEEC302	BTEEC402	BTEEC502	BTEEC602	BTEEC702	BTEEP802
4	BTES103	BTES203	BTEEC303	BTEEC403	BTEEC503	BTEEC603	BTEEPE703	
5	BTHM104	BTES204	BTHM304	BTBS404	BTEEPLE504	BTEEPE604	BTEEOE704	
6	BTES105	BTES205	BTES305	BTEEPE405	BTEEOE505	BTEEOE605	BTEEOE705	
7	BTES106	BTES206	BTEEL306	BTEEL406	BTHM506	BTEEL606	BTHM706	
8	BTBS107L	BTBS207L	BTEEL307	BTEEL407	BTEEL507	BTEEL607	BTEEL707	
9	BTES108L	BTES208L	BTEEP308	BTEEL408	BTEEL508	BTEEM608	BTEEM708	
10	BTHM109L	BTES209S	BTES211P	BTEEL409	BTEEPE509	BTEEP609	BTEEP609	
11		BTES211		BTEEP410	BTEEP409			

B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

A. Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

Graduates will able to-

1.To equip graduates with a strong foundation in engineering sciences and Electrical Engineering fundamentals to become effective collaborators, researchers and real-time problem solver with technical competencies.

2.Perceive the limitation and impact of engineering solutions in social, legal, environmental, economical and multidisciplinary contexts.

3.Excel in Industry/technical profession, higher studies, and entrepreneurship exhibiting global competitiveness.

B. Program Outcomes (POs)

Engineering Graduate will be able to -

- 1. **Engineering knowledge**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- 2. **Problem analysis**: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- 3. **Design/development of solutions**: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- 4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- 5. **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- 6. **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- 7. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- 8. **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- 9. **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- 10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

- 11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- 12. **Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

Semester III										
Course	Course	Course Title	Te	achi	ng	E	Evaluation Scheme		me	Credit
Category	Code		S	Scheme						
			L	Т	Р	CA	MSE	ESE	Total	
BSC	BTBS301	Engineering Mathematics-III	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
PCC1	BTEEC302	Electrical Machines-I	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
PCC2	BTEEC303	Electrical and Electronics	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
		Measurement								
HSSMC	BTHM304	Basic Human Rights	2	-	-					Audit
ESC	BTES305	Engineering Material Science	3	-	-	20	20	60	100	3
LC	BTEEL306	Electrical Machines-I Lab			2	60		40	100	1
LC	BTEEL307	Electrical and Electronics			2	60		40	100	1
		Measurement Lab								
Project	BTEEP308	Mini Project-I			4	60		40	100	2
Internship	BTES211P	Internship-I Evaluation						50	50	1
			14	3	8	260	80	410	750	20

	Semester IV									
Course	Course	Course Title	Te	Teaching Evaluation Scheme		me	Credit			
Category	Code		S	chen	1e					
			L	Т	Р	CA	MSE	ESE	Total	
PCC3	BTEEC401	Network Theory	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
PCC4	BTEEC402	Power System	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
PCC5	BTEEC403	Electrical Machine-II	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
BSC	BTBS404	Analog and Digital Electronics	3	-	-	20	20	60	100	3
PEC1	BTEEPE405	Group A	3	-		20	20	60	100	3
LC	BTEEL406	Network Theory Lab	-	-	2	30		20	50	1
LC	BTEEL407	Power System Lab	-	-	2	30		20	50	1
LC	BTEEL408	Electrical Machine-II Lab	-	-	2	30		20	50	1
LC	BTEEL409	Analog and Digital Electronics lab	-	-	2	30		20	50	1
Internship	BTEEP410	Internship-II (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in third or fourth semester or in at one time)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						220	100	380	700	22

Group-A

(A)Electromagnetic Field Theory

(B) Signals and System

(C) Advance Renewable Energy Sources

(D) Electronic Devices and Circuits

Semester III

(BTBS301) ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS

Unit 1: Vector Calculus

Vector Algebra, Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical Co-ordinate System. Transformation of Variables from Cartesian to Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinate System and Vice-Versa Coulomb's Law, Electric Field Intensity, Field of _N' Point Charges, Field of Line and Sheet of Charge, Electric Flux Density, Gauss's Law and Its Applications, Divergence and Divergence Theorem

Unit 2: Complex Numbers

Complex Numbers, geometric representation, powers and roots of complex numbers, Functions of a complex variable, Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations; elementary functions, Conformal mapping (for linear transformation); Contours and contour integration, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy integral formula; Power Series and properties

Unit 3: Fourier Series

Introduction, Dirichlet Conditions, Fourier Series and its Coefficients for a given range, Even, odd functions and Fourier Series, Half-range Series, problems, Parseval Identity, Complex form of Fourier Series.

Unit 4: Differential Eqns., First Order ODE,

Differential Eqns., First Order ODE, y'=f(x,y)- geometrical interpretation of solution, Eqns. reducible to separable form, Exact Eqns., integrating factor, Linear Eqns., Orthogonal trajectories,

Unit 5: Bessel functions

Fourier Method for IBV problem for wave and heat equation, rectangular region, Fourier method for Laplace equation in 3 dimensions, Numerical Methods for Laplace and Poisson's equation. Biot-Savart, Amperes Circuital Laws and their Applications, Curl, Stoke's Theorem, Magnetic Flux Density, Scalar and Vector Magnetic Potential, Maxwell's Equations in Steady Electric and Magnetic Fields 30 ,FOURIER TRANSFORMS: Fourier Integral representation, Fourier integrals, Fourier transforms, Sine, Cosine transforms, inverse transforms, Illustrations, Properties, Parseval Identity, evaluation of certain real integrals.

Text Books :

1. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.

2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Erwin Kreyszig, John Wiley & Sons, New York.

3. A Course in Engineering Mathematics (Vol III) by Dr. B. B. Singh, Synergy Knowledge ware, Mumbai.

4. A Text Book of Applied Mathematics (Vol I & II) by P. N. Wartikar and J. N. Wartikar, Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune.

5. Higher Engineering Mathematics by H. K. Das and Er. Rajnish Verma, S. Chand & CO. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Reference Books :

1. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B. V. Ramana, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications, New Delhi.

2. A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics by Peter O' Neil, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd., Singapore.

3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by C. R. Wylie & L. C. Barrett, Tata Mcgraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.

9 Hours

04 Credits

9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

(BTEEC302)ELECTRICAL MACHINE-I

Unit 1: Single Phase Transformer

Transformer construction, Ideal and practical transformer, exact and approximate equivalent circuits, no load and on load operation, phasor diagrams, power and energy efficiency, voltage regulation, parallel operation, effect of load on power factor, Per Unit system, excitation phenomenon in transformers, switching transients, Auto transformers, Variable frequency transformer, voltage and current transformers, welding transformers, Pulse transformer and applications

Unit 2: Three Phase Transformers

Constructional features of three phase transformers, Cooling methodology, Standard and special transformer connections, Phase conversion, Parallel operation of three phase transformers, three winding transformers and its equivalent circuit, On load tap changing of transformers, Modern trends in transformers, Type and routine tests, Standards.

Unit 3: Electromechanical Energy Conversion Principles

Energy in a magnetic systems, field energy and mechanical force, energy in singly and multiply excited magnetic systems, determination of magnetic force and torque from energy and coenergy, Forces and torques in magnetic field systems, dynamic equations of electromechanical systems and analytical techniques.

Unit 4: DC Generators

Construction of armature and field systems, Working, types, emf equation, Armature windings, Characteristics and applications, Building of emf, Armature reaction - Demagnetizing and Cross magnetizing mmfs and their estimation; Remedies to overcome the armature reaction; Commutation process, Causes of bad commutation and remedies: Construction of armature and field systems, Working, types, emf equation, Armature windings, Characteristics and applications, Building of emf, Armature reaction - Demagnetizing and Cross magnetizing mmfs and their estimation; Remedies to overcome the armature reaction; Commutation process, Causes of bad commutation and remedies,

Unit 5: D.C. Motors

Principles of working, Significance of back emf, Torque Equation, Types, Characteristics and Selection of DC Motors, Starting of DC Motors, Speed Control, Losses and Efficiency, Condition for Maximum Efficiency, Braking of DC Motors, Effect of saturation and armature reaction on losses; Applications, Permanent Magnet DC Motors, Type and Routine test

Unit 6: Special Machines

Constructional details of reluctance machine, variable-reluctance machines, basic VRM analysis, practical VRM analysis, stepper motors and their analysis, Brushless DC motors.

Text Books :

- 1. J. B. Gupta," Theory and Performance of Electrical Machines," S. K. Kataria& Sons, New Delhi
- 2. P. S. Bimbra," Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers
- 3. B. L. Theraja, A. K. Theraja," A text book of Electrical Technology," S. Chand Publishers
- 4. Asfaq Hussein," Electric Machines," Danpat Rai Publisher

8 Hours

6 Hours

9 Hours

6 Hours

9 Hours

04 Credits 7 Hours

Reference Books :

- 1. Bhattacharya S. K, "Electrical Machines", (Tata McGraw Hill Publications)
- 2. Kothari Nagrath, "Electrical Machines", (Tata McGraw Hill Publications)
- 3. M. N. Bandopadhyay, "Electrical Machines", (Tata McGraw Hill Publications)
- 4. Fitzaralda, "Electrical Machines", (Tata McGraw Hill Publications)

BTEEC303 ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS MEASUREMENT

Unit 1: Philosophy of Measurement

Introduction to Measurement, Methods of Measurements, Measurement System, Instruments, Classification of Instruments, Characteristics of Instruments & Measurement System, Errors in Measurement, Types of Errors, Calibration, Standards and their classifications.

Unit 2: Analog Measurement of Electrical Quantities

Classification of Analog Instruments, Principle of Operation, Operating Torques, Different types of Damping and Control Systems, Types of Instrument: PMMC, Extension of Range of PMMC Instruments, Moving Iron, Electro-dynamometer, Hot wire, Thermocouple, Induction, Electrostatic, Rectifier.

Power Measurement: Power measurement in AC and DC circuits, Power and Power Factor, Electrodynamometer-type Wattmeter, Induction-type Wattmeter, Power measurement in Polyphase systems, Power measurement in Three-Phase systems, Reactive Power measurements, Power measurement with Instrument Transformers - Potentiometer and Current Transformer.

Measurement of Energy: Induction-type Energy Meter, Errors in Induction-type Energy Meters and their compensation, Testing of Energy Meters.

Unit 3: A.C. and D.C. Bridges

Measurement Resistance: Wheatstone Bridge, Kelvin Bridge Method, Kelvin Double Bridge Method, Ammeter-Voltmeter Method, Direct deflection method, Loss of charge method, Megohm Bridge, Megger.

Measurement of Inductance and Capacitance: Maxwell Bridge, Hays Bridge, Anderson Bridge, De-Sauty Bridge, Schering Bridge, Wien Bridge.

Localisation of Cable Faults: Murray Loop Test, Varley Loop Test.

Magnetic Measurements: Ballistic Galvanometer, Flux Meter, Maxwell's Bridge Method, AC Potentiometer Method.

Unit 4: Digital Measurement of Electrical Quantities

Concept of Digital Measurement, Block diagram of Digital Instrumentation System, Digital versus Analog Instrument, Digital Voltmeter, Types of Digital Voltmeter, Digital Multi-meter Digital Counter, Digital Frequency Meter, Power Analyzer & Harmonic Analyzer, Spectrum & Wave analyzer, Oscilloscopes, Cathode Ray Oscilloscope (CRO), Digital Storage Oscilloscopes (DSO), Signal Generator, Q-Meter.

Unit 5: Transducers

Definition, Classification & selection of transducers, Characteristics, Transducers for measurement of Displacement (RVDT & LVDT), Speed, Angular Rotation, Altitude, Force, Torque, Humidity and Moisture, Pressure, Strain and Temperature (Thermocouple and RTD method), Position, Hall Effect transducer and applications. Instrumentation amplifiers, Signal Conditioning, Data Transmission and Telemetry, Data Acquisition Systems.

8 Hours

4 Hours

8 Hours

7 Hours

Displays and Recorders: Different types of Display – Different types of Recorder: Graphic Recorder, Strip Chart Recorder, Galvanometric and Potentiometer type Recorders, X-Y Recorder, Circular Chart Recorder, Magnetic Tape Recorder, Digital Recorders, Printer and Plotter (Block Diagram, theory and applications only)

Reference Books/ Text Books:

- E.W. Golding & F.C. Widdis, "Electrical Measurement & Measuring Instrument", A.H. Wheeler & Co. India.
- 2. A.K. Sawhney, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrument", Dhanpat Rai & Sons.
- 3. Forest K. Harries, "Electrical Measurement", Willey Eastern Pvt. Ltd. India.
- 4. M.B. Stout, "Basic Electrical Measurement" Prentice hall of India.
- 5. W.D. Cooper, "Electronic Instrument & Measurement Technique", Prentice Hall International.
- 6. J.B. Gupta, "Electrical Measurements and Measuring Instruments", S.K. Kataria & Sons.
- 7. Prithwiraj Purkait, Budhaditya Biswas, Santanu Das and Chiranjib Koley, "Electrical and Electronics Measurements and Instrumentation", McGraw Hill.

BTHM304 BASIC HUMAN RIGHTS

Unit 1: The Basic Concepts

Individual, Group, Civil Society, State, Equality, Justice, Human Values: - Humanity, Virtues, Compassion.

Unit 2: Human Rights and Human Duties:

Origin, Civil and Political Rights, Contribution of American Bill of Rights, French Revolution, Declaration of Independence, Rights of Citizen, Rights of working and Exploited people, Fundamental Rights and Economic program, India's Charter of freedom

Unit 3: Society, Religion, Culture, and their Inter-Relationship

Impact of Social Structure on Human behaviour, Roll of Socialization in Human Values, Science and Technology, Modernization, Globalization, and Dehumanization.

Unit 4: Social Structure and Social Problems

Social and Communal Conflicts and Social Harmony, Rural Poverty, Unemployment, Bonded Labour, Migrant workers and Human Rights Violations, Human Rights of mentally and physically challenged.

Unit 5: State, Individual Liberty, Freedom and Democracy

The changing of state with special reference to developing countries, Concept of development under development and Social action, need for Collective action in developing societies and methods of Social action, NGOs and Human Rights in India: - Land, Water, Forest issues.

Unit 6: Human Rights in Indian Constitution and Law

The constitution of India:

(i) Preamble

(ii) Fundamental Rights

(iii) Directive principles of state policy

(iv) Fundamental Duties

(v) Some other provisions

Universal declaration of Human Rights and Provisions of India, Constitution and Law, National Human Rights Commission and State Human Rights Commission

Reference Books:

1. Shastry, T. S. N., India and Human rights: Reflections, Concept Publishing Company India (P Ltd.), 2005.

2. Nirmal, C.J., Human Rights in India: Historical, Social and Political Perspectives (Law in India), Oxford India.

6Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

(BTES 305) ENGINEERING MATERIAL SCIENCE

Unit: 1 Electrical Conducting Materials

Introduction, Crsytal structure, atomic bonding, Electronic and Ionic Conduction, Conductivity in Metals, Ohm's Law, Relaxation Time, Collision Time, Mean Free Path of an Electron, Electron Scattering, Resistivity of Metals, Effect of Temperature and Impurity on Conductivity, Joule's Law, High Conductivity And Resistivity Materials, Superconductivity and Applications Conducting materials: quantum free electron theory- Fermi-Dirac distribution - Materials for electric resistances.

Unit 2: Dielectric Materials

Crystalline structure-perfection/imperfection, Dielectric as Electric Field Medium, Dielectric constant and polarizability, types of polarization, leakage currents, dielectric loss, dielectric strength, breakdown voltage, temperature and frequency dependences of Dielectric parameter, internal fields in solids, Clausius-Mosotti equation, ferroelectric, pyroelectric and piezoelectric materials, applications of dielectric materials

Unit 3: Semiconductor Materials

Semiconductors: Mechanism of conduction in semiconductors. Properties of semiconductors, Silicon wafers, integration techniques, Large and very large scale integration techniques (VLSI). Properties of Semiconductors: Electron-hole concentration, Fermi level, Generation and recombination, carrier life-time, diffusion length. Scattering and mobility of carriers. Einstein relation.LASER Plain carbon steels and their applications. Alloy steels: High speed steels, stainless steels,HSLA; Non Ferrous alloys: Al alloys, Cu alloys, applications of these alloys

Unit 4: Magnetic Materials

Classification of magnetic materials, spontaneous magnetization in ferromagnetic materials, Magnetostriction, diamagnetism, magnetically soft and hard materials, special purpose materials, feebly magnetic materials, Ferrites, cast and cermet permanent magnets, ageing of magnets. factors effecting permeability and hysteresis, Ferromagnetic materials, properties of ferromagnetic materials in static fields, curie point, anti-ferromagnetic materials, piezoelectric materials ,pyro electric materials Magnetic Properties of Materials: Atomic Interpretation of Diamagnetic, Paramagnetic, Anti-Ferromagnetic and Ferromagnetic Materials. Ferromagnetic Domain, Magnetic Materials for Ferromagnetic Tape And Memory Devices, Magnetic materials: magnetic materials used in electrical machines instruments.

Unit 5: Special Purpose Materials

Refractory Materials, Structural Material's, Radioactive Materials, Galvanization and Impregnation of materials, Non Destructive Testing: Ultrasonic Radiography, X-ray diffraction- Bragg's law.

Text Books:

1. Material Science and Engineering – V. Raghavan

Reference Books

- 1. Electrical Engineering Materials A.J. Dekker
- 2. Science of Engineering Materials and Carbon Nanotubes C.M. Srivastava and C. Srinivasan
- 3. Solid State Physics A.J. Dekker.

7 Hours s. Silicon

7 Hours

05 Hours

7 Hours

(BTEEL306)ELECTRICAL MACHINE-I LABORATORY

Perform Any eight experiment from given list as a part of practical submission

List of Experiments

- 1. To perform the polarity test on single phase transformer
- 2. To perform the transformation ratio test on single phase transformer
- 3. To perform the following three phase transformer connections:
 - 1) Star-star 2) Star-Delta
 - 3) Delta Delta 4) Delta –Star
 - 5)Open Delta 6) Scott Connection
- 4. To perform the direct loading test on three phase transformer to calculate efficiency and regulation
- 5. To perform the indirect loading test on three phase transformer to calculate efficiency
- 6. To perform the parallel operation of two single phase transformers.
- 7. To study D. C. Machine
- To draw the speed characteristics of DC shunt motor by- (1) Armature Control method (2) Field Control method
- 9. To perform the load test on DC Shunt motor.
- 10. To study the load characteristics of DC generator
 - I) Cumulative compound generator.
 - II) Differential compound Generator
- 11. To study the magnetization ,internal and External characteristics of a D. C. generator
- 12. To Study Starters for DC Shunt Motor.

BTEEL307 ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS MEASUREMENTS LABORATORY 1 Credit

List of Experiments: (Perform minimum 8-10 experiments from following list)

- 1) Measurement of Low resistance by Kelvin Double bridge.
- 2) Measurement of High resistance and Insulation resistance using Megger.
- 3) Measurement of Inductance by Maxwell bridge, Hays bridge, Anderson bridge.
- 4) Measurement of Capacitance by De Sauty bridge, Schering bridge.
- 5) Measurement of Earth resistance using Earth Tester.
- 6) Study the extension of Voltmeter, Ammeter and Wattmeter.
- 7) Measurement of three phase power by Two Wattmeter and One Wattmeter method.
- 8) Study of types of instrument: PMMC, Moving Iron, Electro-dynamometer, Hot wire, Thermocouple, Induction, Electrostatic, Rectifier.
- 9) Study of Energy Meter.
- 10) Study of Instrument T/F and its types.
- 11) Characterize the temperature sensor (RTD):
 - a) Static Characteristics of RTD: Study the change in resistance of RTD probe depending on the process temperature.
 - b) Dynamic characteristics: Study the dynamic response of RTD probe
- 12) Characterize the Thermocouple:
 - a) Static Characteristics of Thermocouple: Study the change in EMF of a thermocouple in response to the process temperature.
 - b) Dynamic characteristics of Thermocouple: Study the dynamic response of Thermocouple.
- 13) Characterize of LVDT: To find the effect of various parameters like change in supply voltage, change in supply frequency on output of given LVDT
- 14) Characterize the strain gauge sensor:
 - a) Study of Strain Gauge: To study the working principle of strain gauge.
 - b) Study of effect of change in position of weight applied on Strain Gauge performance.
 - c) Study of effect of change in temperature on the performance of Strain Gauge.
- 15) Measurement of phase difference and frequency of a sinusoidal ac voltage using C.R.O.
- 16) Study of storage oscilloscope and determination of transient response of RLC circuit.

BTEEP308 Miniproject-I

Guidelines:

Stages	Work to be carried	Time
Ι	• Selection of a mini viable project idea (Hardware or Software Based) on recent trends in Electrical Engineering.	4 hours
II	 Study various resources and components in electrical engineering projects Application of those components in Selected Project 	6 hours
III	 Study of Circuit Diagram Study datasheet of basic circuit components of a project Study various software in building of project like SCILAB, MATLAB or other circuit Simulator 	6 hours
IV	Designing of PCB for selected Project once tested on breadboard	4 hours
V	 Verification of the results obtained of the working model or the simulation results. Compare with desired results and take corrective action 	4 hours
VI	• Completion of project by developing the Project Report and submitting the report to the concerned to receive the final credits.	6 hours

Semester IV

BTEEC401 NETWORK THEORY

Unit 1:Active & Passive Circuit Element

Independent & dependent voltage & current sources, R, L, C, self and mutual inductance circuit parameters, Their mathematical models, Voltage- current- power relations, Independent voltage and current sources, dependent sources, Source transformation, star-delta conversion. Classification of element: Lumped and distributed, Linear and non-linear, Unilateral and Bilateral, Time invariant and variant.

Unit 2: Network theorems

Kirchhoff's laws (KCL and KVL), Mesh analysis, nodal analysis, Solution of D.C. resistive network, writing loop equations, Node equations directly in matrices form, super node and super mesh analysis, Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem, Substitution theorem, Millman's Theorem, Tellegen's theorem for D.C and A.C. circuits.

Graph Theory: Network topology, graph, Tree, Branches, Chords, incidence, cut set and tie set matrix using network topology, Concept of duality & dual networks.

Unit 3: Transient Response Analysis in circuit

Initial and final condition of circuit, procedure for evaluating initial conditions, solution of first and Second order differential equations of series & parallel R-L, R-C, R-L-C circuits, Time constant, General & particular solutions, Particular integral & complimentary functions, Numerical

Unit 4: Application of Laplace's Transform

Standard test input signal- Unit step, Impulse & ramp functions and their Laplace transform, Solution of differential equation using Laplace transform, solve of R-L, R-C, R-L-C circuits using Laplace transform, Transient and steady state response of RL and RC circuit to various functions using Laplace transform.

Two port network: Terminals& terminal pairs, Driving points & transfer admittance, Transfer functions, Concept of poles & zeroes, Two port networks, Z, Y & the transmission parameters relationship between parameter sets.

Unit 5: Sinusoidal Steady State A. C. Circuit

R-L-C series circuits, Series resonance Variation of Z with frequency, maximum value of VC & VL, Magnification, Bandwidth, Q factor. Parallel Resonance: Resonance frequency for tank circuit frequency, Locus diagram of series R-L, R-C with variable R & X.

Filter: Introduction classification, Low pass, High pass, Band pass & band reject filter, active & passive filters. Application of Fourier series, Expansion for periodic & non-sinusoidal waveforms.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. N Balabanian and T.A. Bickart, "Linear Network Theory: Analysis, Properties, Design andSynthesis", Matrix Publishers, Inc. 1981.
- 2. L.O. Chua, C.A. Desoer, E.S. Kuh, "Linear and Nonlinear Circuits", McGraw HillInternational Edition 1987.

04 Credits

12Hours

7 Hours

Hours

7

7 Hours

- 3. Van Valkenburg, "Network Analysis", Third Edition, 2009, Prentice Hall of India.
- 4. Sudhakar, A.Shyammohan, "Circuits and Network", Third Edition, 2006, Tata McGrawHill
- 5. D. Roy Choudhury, "Networks and systems".New Age International Publishers
- 6. Kelkar and Pandit, "Linear Network Theory", Pratibha Publication.
- 7. Mahmood Nahvi, Joseph AEdminister, "Schaum's Outline of Electric Circuits", 6th edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.

(BTEEC402) POWER SYSTEM

Unit 1: Electrical Power Generation

Evolution of Power Systems, Typical Layout of an Electrical Power System–Introduction to different sources of energy. Construction and working of thermal power plants, Hydro power station, Nuclear Power Plant with neat block diagram of main parts. Descriptive treatment of alternator exciter & excitation systems, major electrical equipments in generating stations.

Unit 2: Electrical Design of Overhead Transmission Lines

Line conductors, inductance and capacitance of single phase and three phase lines with symmetrical and unsymmetrical spacing, concept of GMD and GMR, Composite conductors-transposition, bundled conductors, and effect of earth on capacitance. skin effect, proximity effect, Ferranti Effect.

Corona: Introduction, Factors affecting corona loss and methods of reducing corona loss, Disadvantages of corona.

Unit 3: Mechanical Design of Transmission Lines

Types of conductors, Choice of conductor materials, Stranded copper & ACSR conductor, Insulation consideration, Different types of insulator, supports, distribution of voltage across the insulator string, String efficiency, Effect of wind & ice coating on transmission line, sag due to equal & unequal supports, with their derivation, Numericals.

Unit 4: Performance of Transmission Lines

Classification of overhead transmission lines, important terms, performance of single phase short transmission lines, three phase short transmission lines, effect of load power factor on regulation and efficiency, different types of medium transmission line, Analysis of long transmission lines, generalized constant of transmission line, determination of generalized constant of transmission lines, percentage regulation, Transmission efficiency, numerical based on above.

Unit 5: AC & DC Distribution

Classification of Distribution system, Requirement of distribution system, design consideration in distribution system. AC Distribution: Calculations, method of Solving AC Distribution problem, three phase unbalanced load, four wire unbalanced star connected load, ground detector, DC Distribution: types, DC distribution calculation, three wire DC system.

Text/References :

REFERENCES:

- 1. V.K Mehta & Rohit Mehta. "Principles of Power System" S Chand Publications
- 2. Gupta B. R. " Power Plant Engineering".(Eurasia publications)
- 3. Nag P. K. "Power Plant Engineering", (Tata McGraw Hill Publications)
- 4. Kothari Nagrath, "Electric Power System", (Tata McGraw Hill Publications)
- 5. Wadhva S. L., "Electric Power System", (Tata McGraw Hill Publications)
- 6. Stevension W. B., "Power System", (English Language Book Society publications)

04 Credits 9 Hours

8 Hours

8 Hours

9 Hours

(BTEEC403)ELECTRICAL MACHINE-II

Unit 1: Basic Concepts in A.C. Machines

Classification of A.C. Machines, principle of operation and constructional features of synchronous and induction machines, rotating mmf waves in A.C. Machines

Unit 2: Constructional Armature windings

Introduction, ac machine windings, winding factors, the emf equation, harmonics in generated emf, causes of harmonics and their suppressions

Unit 3: Synchronous Machines

Synchronous Machines : Construction, types, armature reaction, circuit model of synchronous machine, determination of synchronous reactance, phasor diagram, power angle characteristics, parallel operation of synchronous generators, synchronizing to infinite bus bars, two axis theory, synchronous motor operation, characteristic curves, synchronous condenser, dynamics.

Unit 4: Three phase Induction (Asynchronous) Motor

Types of induction motor, flux and mmf waves, development of circuit model, power across air gap, torque and power output, oc and sc tests, circle diagram, starting methods, cogging and crawling, speed control, deep bar/ double cage rotor, induction generator, induction machine dynamics, high efficiency induction motors

Unit 5: Fractional Kilowatt Motors

Introduction, single phase induction motors, double revolving field theory, circuit model of single phase induction motor, determination of circuit parameters

Unit 6: Special Machines

Single phase synchronous motors, permanent magnet ac motors, ac servomotors, linear induction motor

Text Books :

- 1. J. B. Gupta," Theory and Performance of Electrical Machines," S. K. Kataria& Sons, New Delhi
- 2. P. S. Bimbra," Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers
- 3. B. L. Theraja, A. K. Theraja," A text book of Electrical Technology," S. Chand Publishers
- 4. Asfaq Hussein," Electric Machines," Danpat Rai Publisher

Reference Books :

- 1. 1.Say M. G., "Design & performance of A.C. Machines", (Book Publications, 3rd edition)
- 2. 2. Bhimra P. S., "Electric Machines", (South Ex Publications, New Delhi)
- 3. D. P. Kothari, I. J. Nagrath,"Electric Machines ", Tata McGraw Hill Publication, Fourth edition, reprint 2012.
- 4. A. F. Puchstein, T.C. Lloyd, A.G. Conrad, "Alternating current machines", John Wiley and Sons, New York 1954.
- 5. 5.A.E. Fitzgerald, Charles Kingsley Jr., Stephen D. Umans,"Electric Machinery ", Tata McGraw Hill Publication, sixth edition 2002 4. Fitzaralda, "Electrical Machines", (Tata McGraw Hill Publications))

04 Credits

5 Hours

5 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

6 Hours

BTBS404 ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Unit 1: Transistor as an Amplifier

Load line, Small signal low frequency analysis of single stage amplifier in different configuration, High frequency equivalent circuit of transistor (hybrid pi), Cascade amplifier, High input resistance circuits-C coupled amplifier Frequency response, Definition of 3 dB bandwidth, Effect of cascading on gain & BW, Classification of amplifiers

Unit 2: operational amplifier

Block diagram of operational amplifier, Properties of ideal operational amplifier, Explanation of different terms appearing in OP-Amp application (offset, bias, quantities, PSRR, CMRR, Ad, AC, Slew rate etc.), Operation of circuit diagram of OP-Amp using discrete components & I.C. diagram, Different types of current of current sources in I.C. technology, frequency response of OP-Amp, OP-Amp parameters & minimization technique of temperature effect, Inverting & Non-inverting operation of Op-Amp & analysis for AG, RI, RO, Linear & non-linear circuit application of OP-Amp

Unit 3: Number Systems

Basic Logic Gates & Boolean Algebra: Binary Arithmetic & Radix representation of different numbers. Sign & magnitude representation, fixed point representation, complement notation, various codes & arithmetic in different codes & their inter conversion. Features of logic algebra, postulates of Boolean algebra. Theorems of Boolean algebra. Boolean function. Derived logic gates: Exclusive-OR, NAND, NOR gates, their block diagrams and truth tables. Logic diagrams from Boolean expressions and Vicaversa. Converting logic diagrams to universal logic. Positive, negative and mixed logic. Logic gate conversion.

Unit 4: Digital Logic Gate Characteristics

TTL logic gate characteristics: Theory & operation of TTL NAND gate circuitry. Open collector TTL. Three state output logic. TTL subfamilies. MOS & CMOS logic families. Realization of logic gates in RTL, DTL, ECL, and C-MOS & MOSFET. Interfacing logic families to one another. Sequential Systems: Latches, flip-flops, R-S, D, J-K, Master Slave flip flops. Conversions of flip-flops Counters: Synchronous & asynchronous ripple and decade counters, Modulus counter, skipping state counter, counter design, state diagrams and state reduction techniques. Ring counter. Counter applications. Registers: buffer register, shift register

Unit 5: Minimization Techniques

Minterm, Maxterm, Karnaugh Map, K map upto 4 variables. Simplification of logic Conversion of truth tables in POS and SOP form Incomplete specified functions. Variable mapping Quinn-McKlusky minimization techniques c functions with K-map

Unit 6: Combinational Systems

Combinational logic circuit design, half and full adder, subtractor. Binary serial and parallel adders BCD adder Binary multiplier Decoder: Binary to Gray decoder, BCD to decimal, BCD to 7- segment decoder' Multiplexer, DE multiplexer, encoder. Octal to binary, BCD to excess-3 encoder. Diode Switching matrix. Design of logic circuits by multiplexers, encoders, decoders and DE multiplexers.

Text/Reference Books:

1. Mandal, Digital Electronics: Principles and Applications, TMH 2009

5 Hours

04 Hours

6 Hours

6 Hours

6Hours

7 Hours

- 2. Leach, Digital Principles and Applications, ed. 7, TMH 2008
- 3. M. Morris Mano, Digital Logic and Computer Design, Pearson Edu. 2014

(BTEEPE405A)ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD THEORY

Unit 1: vector calculus

Scalars and vectors, Vector algebra, Vector components and unit vectors, Vector field Vector field Dot, cross products circular, cylindrical and spherical coordinate systems Coulomb's Law and electric field intensity Electric field due to a continuous Volume Charge Distribution field of a line charge field of a Sheet of а charge streamlines and sketches of fields

Unit 2: Electromagnetic field 1

Constructional Gauss's Law and its Applications: to some symmetrical charge distribution and differential volume element divergence Maxwell's first equation (electrostatics), the vector operator and the Divergence theorem Energy and Potential Energy expended in moving a point charge in an electric field line integral, potential difference potential, potential gradient, potential field of a point field charge and system of charges dipole, energy density in electrostatic Unit 3: Electromagnetic field 2 6 Hours

Current and current density, continuity of current, metallic conductors conductor properties and boundary conditions method of images, semiconductors, nature of dielectric, boundary conditions for perfect dielectric capacitance, and capacitance of two-wire line. Poisson's and Laplace Equations Uniqueness theorem examples in rectangular, spherical and cylindrical coordinates, product solutions of Laplace equations, and solutions of Poisson's equations

Unit 4: Magneto statics 1

Biot-Savart's law Amperes circuital law curls strokes theorem magnetic flux and magnetic flux density scalar and vector magnetic potentials

Unit 5: Magneto statics 2

Force on moving charge, differential current element force between differential current element and torque on a closed circuit nature of magnetic materials, magnetization permeability, magnetic boundary conditions, magnetic circuit, potential energy and forces on magnetic materials, self and mutual inductance

Unit 6: Maxwell's equations

Faradays law, Maxwell's equations in point form, Maxwell's equations in integral form, Retarded potentials.

Text Books :

- 1) "William H. Hayt & John. A. Buck, "Engineering Electromagnetics" Mc. Graw-Hill Companies, 7th Editon.2006.
- 2) "Sadiku- "Electromagnetic Fields", Oxford Publications.

Reference:

- 3) D. J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics', Addison Wesley, 1999.
- 4) D. K. Cheng, _Field and Wave Electromagnetics', Addison Wesley, 1999.
- 5) N. N. Rao, _Elements of Engineering Electromagnetics', Pearson Education, Inc, 2004.
- 6) Mathew N.O. Sadiku, Elements of Electromagnetics, Oxford Univ Press
- 7) N.N. Rao, Basic electromagnetic and applications, McGraw Hill

8 Hours

7 Hours

4 Hours

7 Hours

8 Hours

03credits Credits

BTEEPE405BSignals and System

Unit 1: Elements of Signal Space Theory

Objective and overview, signal and system types and classifications, Different types of signals; Linearity, time invariance and causality; Impulse sequence, impulse functions and other singularity functions

Unit 2: Classification of System

CT and DT system, basic properties of system – linear time invariant system and properties, LTI system: Causality, stability, step response, impulse response.

Unit 3: Convolution

Convolution sum, convolution integral and their evaluation; Time-domain representation and analysis of LTI systems based on convolution and differential equations. Convolution for CT & DT signals and systems; Necessity of representations of Signals & Systems in Time- and Transformed-domains

Unit 4: Transform domain considerations

Laplace transforms, inverse Laplace transforms and Z-transforms; Applications of transforms to discrete and continuous systems-analysis; Transfer function, block diagram representation.

Unit 5: Fourier series and Fourier Transform

Sampling theorem, Discrete Fourier transform (DFT), estimating Fourier transform using DFT Analysis of discrete time signal: sampling of CT signals and aliasing, DTFT and properties.

Reference Books:

- 1. Signals and Linear Systems, Gabel R.A. and Robert R.A, John Wiley and Sons, New York
- 2. Signals and Systems, Oppenheim, Wilsky and Nawab, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 3. Systems and Signal Analysis, C.T.Chen, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 4. Probabilistic Methods of Signals and System Analysis, Cooper G.R and McGillem C.D, Oxford University Press, Cambridge.
- 5. Signals and Systems, Ziemer R.E., Tranter W.H., and Fannin D.R., Pearson Education Asia, Singapore

03 Credits

7 Hours

9 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

(BTEEPE405C) ADVANCED RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

Unit 1: Introduction

Renewable Sources of Energy- Introduction to renewable energy, various aspects of energy conversion, principle of renewable energy systems, Grid-Supplied Electricity-Distributed Generation-Renewable Energy Economics-Calculation of Electricity Generation Costs -Demand side Management Options – Supply side Management Options-Modern Electronic Controls of Power Systems.

Fuel Cells: The Fuel Cell-Low and High Temperature Fuel Cells-Commercial and Manufacturing Issues-Constructional Features of Proton Exchange-Membrane Fuel Cells –Reformers-Electrolyzer Systems and Related Precautions-Advantages and Disadvantages of Fuel Cells-Fuel Cell Equivalent Circuit-Practical Determination of the Equivalent Model Parameters -Aspects of Hydrogen as Fuel.

Unit 2: Wind Power Plants

Atmospheric circulations, classification, factors influencing wind, wind shear, turbulence, windspeed monitoring, Appropriate Location -Evaluation of Wind Intensity -Topography -Purpose of the Energy Generated -General Classification of Wind Turbines-Rotor Turbines-Multiple-BladeTurbines -Drag Turbines -Lifting Turbines-Generators and Speed Control used in Wind PowerEnergy -Analysis of Small Generating Systems. Aerodynamics of wind turbine rotor, site selection, wind resource assessment, wind energy conversion devices: classification, characteristics, and applications. Hybrid systems, safety and environmental aspects.

Unit 3: Photovoltaic Power Plants

Solar Energy-Generation of Electricity by Photovoltaic Effect -Dependence of a PV CellCharacteristic on Temperature-Solar cell Output Characteristics-Equivalent Models and Parametersfor Photovoltaic Panels-Photovoltaic Systems-Applications of Photovoltaic Solar EnergyEconomical.

Analysis of Solar Energy. environment and social implications Solar Energy: Solarradiation its measurements and prediction, solar thermal flat plate collectors, concentratingcollectors, applications, heating, cooling, desalination, power generation, drying, cooking etc, principle of photovoltaic conversion of solar energy, types of solar cells and fabrication.

Photovoltaic applications: battery charger, domestic lighting, street lighting, and water pumping, power generation schemes.

Unit 4: Bio-Energy

Biomass resources and their classification, chemical constituents and physicochemical characteristics of biomass, biomass conversion processes, thermo chemical conversion: direct combustion, gasification, pyrolysis and liquefaction. Biochemical conversion: anaerobic digestion, alcohol production from biomass. Chemical conversion process: hydrolysis and hydrogenation.

Biogas: generation, types of Biogas Plants, applications

Induction Generators: Principles of Operation-Representation of Steady-State Operation-Power andLosses Generated-Self-Excited Induction Generator-Magnetizing Curves and Self-Excitation Mathematical Description of the Self-Excitation Process-Interconnected and Stand-alone operation Speed and Voltage Control-Economical Aspects.

8 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

04 Credits

Unit 5: Storage Systems

8 Hours

Energy Storage Parameters-Lead–Acid Batteries-Ultra Capacitors-Flywheels -SuperconductingMagnetic Storage System-Pumped Hydroelectric Energy Storage - Compressed Air Energy Storage-Storage Heat -Energy Storage as an Economic Resource.Integration of Alternative Sources of Energy: Principles of Power Injection-Instantaneous Activeand Reactive Power Control Approach-Integration of Multiple Renewable Energy SourcesIslandingandInterconnectionControl-DGControlandPowerInjection.

Interconnection Alternative Energy Sources with the Grid: Interconnection Technologies Standardsand Codes for Interconnection-Interconnection Considerations -InterconnectionExamples for Alternative Energy Sources.

Text/Reference Books :

- 1. Rao and Parulekar, Energy Technology, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, Second reprint 2002
- 2. G.D Rai, Non-conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, tenth reprint 2002
- 3. C. S. Solanki, -Solar Photovoltaics Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications , PHI, 2011
- 4. B. H. Khan,-Non-conventional Energy Resources|, TataMcGrawhill Publishing Co.Ltd., 2006
- S.P. Sukhatme, J.K. Nayak, —Solar Energy-Principals of Thermal Collection and Storage, Tata Mc Graw hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi 2008
- 6. J. Twidell and T. Weir, -Renewable Energy Resourcesl, E & F N Spon Ltd, London, 1999
- 7. Thomas Ackermann, —Wind Power in Power Systeml, John Willey &Sons.

BTEEL406 NETWORK THEORY LAB

Any Eight Experiments from the following list

Expt. No.	Title of Experiment
1	Verification of Kirchhoff's Laws
2	Verification of Superposition Theorem
3	Verification of Thevenin's Theorem
4	Verification of Norton's Theorem
5	Verification of Maximum Power Transfer Theorem
6	Verification of Reciprocity Theorem
7	Determination of transient response of RL & RC series circuits
8	To study Resonance in RLC series Circuit.
9	To study Resonance in parallel RLC Circuit.
10	Determination of driving point and transfer functions of a two port ladder network and verify with theoretical values
11	To calculate and verify 'Z'Parameters of a Two-Port Network.
12	To calculate and verify 'Y' parameters of Two-Port Network.

BTEEL4	BTEEL407 : Power System Lab 1 Cree				
Sr. No	Experiment Title				
1	To study the layout of a Thermal Power Plant with its components.				
2	To study the layout, classification and components of a Hydro Power Plant.				
3	To study the alternator excitation system				
4	To study the types and properties of various Overhead insulators				
5	To study the types and properties of various Overhead Conductors.				
6	To study the Power cable and its various components and types.				
7	To study the layout of a substation along with its components				
8	To determine the ABCD parameters of a medium and long transmission line.				
9	To Visit a Thermal Power plant and write a technical report on the observations				

(BTEEL408)ELECTRICAL MACHINE-II LABORATORY

Perform Any Eight experiment from given list as a part of practical submission

List of Experiment

- 1. Determination of sequence impedances of salient pole synchronous machine To perform
- 2. Determination of Xd and Xq of a salient pole synchronous machine from slip test.
- 3. V and inverted V curves of a3-phasesynchronous motor 1
- 4. Regulation of alternator by Direct loading method (R,L,C load)
- 5. Regulation of alternator by synchronous impedance method
- 6. Regulation of alternator by MMF method
- 7. Parallel operation of Synchronous generator
- 8. To study different types of starters for three phase Squirrel cage induction motor
- 9. Rotor resistance starter for slip ring induction motor.
- 10. To conduct no load and blocked rotor test and to determine performance characteristics of three phase induction motor from circle diagram
- 11. Load and block rotor tests on squirrel cage induction motor
- 12. Brake test on slip ring induction motor
- 13. To control speed of wound rotor induction motor by rotor resistance control method
- 14. To control speed of induction motor by V/F
- 15. To control speed of induction motor by i) star-delta ii) autotransformer

(BTEEL409) ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LAB

01 Credits

Perform Any Eight experiment from given list as a part of practical submission

List of Experiment

- 1. To plot input characteristics and Output characteristics of common emitter configuration.
- 2. To plot frequency response of RC coupled and Transformed coupled amplifier
- 3. To measurement of OP-AMP parameter
- 4. To verify the operation of op amp in Inverting & Non-inverting mode on AC input
- 5. Verify truth table of following basic and derived gates
 - a. AND, OR, AND
 - b. Ex-OR, NAND, NOR
- 6. Verification of truth table of flipflop
- 7. Design and implementation of 3-bit synchronous up/down counter
- 8. Design and implementation of half and full adder using logic gates
- Design and implementation of Multiplexer and De-multiplexer and study of IC74150 and IC 74154
- 10. Design and implementation of code converters
 - a. Binary to gray code converter
 - b. BCD to Excess 3

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University (Established as a University of Technology in the State of Maharashtra) (underMaharashtra Act No. XXIX of 2014) P.O. Lonere, Dist. Raigad, Pin 402 103, Maharashtra Telephone and Fax. : 02140 -275142

www.dbatu.ac.in

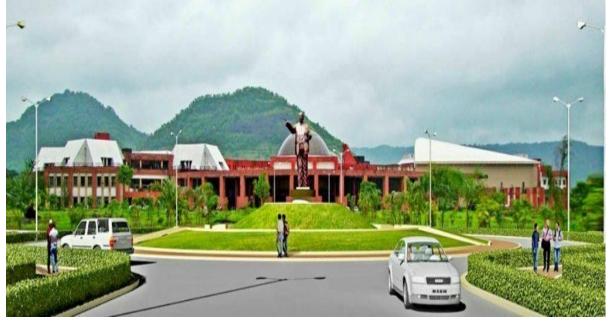


COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

for

Third Year B. Tech. Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering

With effect from the Academic Year2022-2023



B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

Basic Science	Basic Sciences Courses(BSC)			
BTBS101	Engineering	(3-1-0)4		
	Mathematics - I			
BTBS102	Engineering Physics	(3-1-0)4		
BTBS107	Engineering Physics	(0-0-2)1		
L	Lab			
BTBS201	Engineering	(3-1-0)4		
	Mathematics - II			
BTBS202	Engineering	(3-1-0)4		
	Chemistry			
BTBS207	Engineering	(0-0-2)1		
L	Chemistry Lab			
BTBS301	Engineering	(3-1-0)4		
	Mathematics-III			
BTBS404	Analog and Digital	(3-0-0)3		
	Electronics			
BTBSL40	Analog and Digital	(0-0-2)1		
9	Electronics Lab			

Engineering Sciences Courses(BSC)			
BTES103	Engineering Graphics	(2-0-0)2	
BTES105	Energy and	$(2 \cdot 0 \cdot 0)2$ (2-0-0)2	
DILSIUS	Environment	(2-0-0)2	
	Engineering		
BTES106	Basic Civil and	(2-0-0)	
DILSIO	Mechanical	(2-0-0)	
	Engineering		
BTES108L	Engineering Graphics	(0-0-4)2	
DIESTOOL	Lab	(0-0-4)2	
BTES203	Engineering	(2-1-0)3	
	Mechanics		
BTES204	Computer	(3-0-0)3	
	Programming		
BTES205	Workshop Practice	(0-0-4)2	
BTES206	Basic Electrical and	(2-0-0)	
	Electronics		
	Engineering		
BTES208L	Engineering	(0-0-2)1	
	Mechanics Lab		
BTES305	Engineering Material	(3-0-0)	
	Science		

Humanities and Social Science Including Management Courses(HSSMC)				
BTHM104	Communication	(2-0-0)2		

	Skills	
BTHM109	Communication	(0-0-2)1
L	Skills Lab	
BTHM304	Basic Human Rights	Audit
BTHM506	Foreign Languages	Audit
	(A) Japanese	
	Language	
	(B) German	
	Language	
BTHM706	Engineering	Audit
	Operations and	
	Project Management	

Professional Core Course (PCC)			
BTEEC302	Electrical Machines-I	(3-1-0)4	
BTEEC303	Electrical and	(3-1-0)4	
	Electronics		
	Measurement		
BTEEL306	Electrical Machines	(0-0-2)1	
	Lab		
BTEEL307	Electrical and	(0-0-2)1	
	Electronics		
	Measurement Lab		
BTEEC401	Network Theory	(3-1-0)4	
BTEEC402	Power System	(3-1-0)4	
BTEEC403	Electrical Machines-II	(3-1-0)4	
BTEEL406	Network Theory Lab	(0-0-2)1	
BTEEL407	Power System Lab	(0-0-2)1	
BTEEL408	Electrical Machines-II	(0-0-2)1	
	Lab		
BTEEC501	Power System	(3-1-0)4	
	Analysis		
BTEEC502	Microprocessor and	(3-0-0)3	
	Microcontroller		
BTEEC503	Power Electronics	(3-1-0)4	
BTEEL507	Power System	(0-0-2)1	
	Analysis Lab		
BTEEL508	Microprocessor and	(0-0-2)1	
	Microcontroller Lab		
BTEEL509	Power Electronics	(0-0-2)1	
	Lab		
BTEEC601	Switchgear Protection	(3-0-0)3	
BTEEC602	Electrical Machine	(3-1-0)4	
	Design	(2, 1, 0)A	
BTEEC603	Control System	(3-1-0)4	
	1		

	Engineering	
BTEEL606	Switchgear Protection	(0-0-2)1
	Lab	
BTEEL607	Electrical Machine	(0-0-2)1
	Design Lab	
BTEEL608	Control System	(0-0-2)1
	Engineering Lab	
BTEEC701	High Voltage	(3-1-0)4
	Engineering	
BTEEC702	Power System	(3-1-0)4
	Operation and Control	
BTEEL707	High Voltage	(0-0-2)1
	Engineering Lab	

Professional Elective Course (PEC)				
BTEEPE40	A)Electromagnetic (3-0-0)3			
5	Field Theory			
	(B)Signals and			
	System			
	©Advance			
	Renewable Energy			
	Sources			
	(D)Electronic			
	Devices and Circuits			
BTEEPE50	(A)Industrial (3-0-0)			
4	Automation			
	(B)Power Quality			
	Issues			
	©HVDC			
BTEEPE60	(A)Application of	(3-0-0)3		
4	Power Electronics in			
	Power System			
	(B)Smart Grid			
	Technology			
	©Modeling,			
	Simulation and			
	Control of Electric			
	Drives			
BTEEPE70	(A)Energy Audit and	(3-0-0)3		
3	Conservation			
	(B)Electrical System			
	Design for Building			
	©Flexible AC			
	Transmission System			
	(D)Electrical			
	Utilization			

Open Elective Course (OEC)				
BTEEOE50	(A)Embedded	(3-0-0)3		

5	System	
	(B)Electrical Safety	
	©Condition	
	Monitoring of	
	Electric Apparatus	
BTEEOE60	(A)E-waste	(3-0-0)3
5	Management	, í
	(B)Power Plant	
	Engineering	
	©Sensor Technology	
	(D)Lightning	
	Interaction with	
	Power System	
BTEEOE70	(A)Process Control	(3-0-0)3
4	Instrumentation	
	(B)Biomedical	
	Instrumentation	
	©Mechatronics	
BTEEOE70	(A)Testing,	(3-0-0)3
5	Maintenance and	
	Commissioning of	
	Electrical Equipment	
	(B)Electric and	
	Hybrid Electric	
	Vehicles	
	©Internet of Things	
	(IoT)	

Seminar / Mini Project / Internship				
BTES209S	Seminar (0-0-2)1			
BTES211P	(Internship – I)	1		
	Field Training /			
	Internship/Industrial			
	Training (minimum			
	of 4 weeks which can			
	be completed			
	partially in first			
	semester and second			
	Semester or in at one			
	time).			
BTEEM308	Miniproject-I	(0-0-4)2		
BTEEP410	(Internship – II)	1		
BTEEM509	Miniproject-II	(0-0-2)1		
BTEES609	Seminar	(0-0-4)2		
BTEEP610	(Internship – III)			
BTEEM708	In house project-I /	(0-0-4)2		
	Mini project-III			

Project(MP)

BTEEP802	In house project-I /	(0-0-26)
	Internship & Project	13
	in Industry	

B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

Plan of Study:

No.of								
Cour								
ses								
1	I	П	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
2	BTBS101	BTBS201	BTBS301	BTEEC401	BTEEC501	BTEEC601	BTEEC701	BTEEPE801
3	BTBS102	BTBS202	BTEEC302	BTEEC402	BTEEC502	BTEEC602	BTEEC702	BTEEP802
4	BTES103	BTES203	BTEEC303	BTEEC403	BTEEC503	BTEEC603	BTEEPE703	
5	BTHM104	BTES204	BTHM304	BTBS404	BTEEPLE504	BTEEPE604	BTEEOE704	
6	BTES105	BTES205	BTES305	BTEEPE405	BTEEOE505	BTEEOE605	BTEEOE705	
7	BTES106	BTES206	BTEEL306	BTEEL406	BTHM506	BTEEL606	BTHM706	
8	BTBS107L	BTBS207 L	BTEEL307	BTEEL407	BTEEL507	BTEEL607	BTEEL707	
9	BTES108L	BTES208 L	BTEEP308	BTEEL408	BTEEL508	BTEEM608	BTEEM708	
10	BTHM109 L	BTES209S	BTES211P	BTEEL409	BTEEPE509	BTEEP609	BTEEP609	
11		BTES211		BTEEP410	BTEEP409			

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University, Lonere.

B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

A. Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

Graduates will able to-

1.To equip graduates with a strong foundation in engineering sciences and Electrical Engineering fundamentals to become effective collaborators, researchers and real-time problem solver with technical competencies.

2.Perceive the limitation and impact of engineering solutions in social, legal, environmental, economical and multidisciplinary contexts.

3.Excel in Industry/technical profession, higher studies, and entrepreneurship exhibiting global competitiveness.

B. Program Outcomes (POs)

Engineering Graduate will be able to -

- 1. **Engineering knowledge**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- 2. **Problem analysis**:Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyzecomplex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using firstprinciples of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- 3. **Design/development of solutions**:Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design systemcomponents or processes that meet the specifiedneeds with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and thecultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- 4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:**Use research-based knowledgeand research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- 5. **Modern tool usage:**Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complexengineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- 6. **The engineer and society:**Apply reasoning informed by the contextualknowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and theconsequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- 7. Environment and sustainability:Understand the impact of the professionalengineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate theknowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- 8. **Ethics:**Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- 9. **Individual and team work:**Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

- 10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively oncomplex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- 11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering andmanagement principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manageprojects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- 12. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University, Lonere.

B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

PCC5 BTEEC502 Microprocessor and Microcontroller 3 - - 20 20 60 100 3 PCC6 BTEEC502 Power Electronics 3 1 - 20 20 60 100 4 PCC2 BTEEPLE504 Group B 3 - - 20 20 60 100 3 OEC1 BTEED505 Group C 3 - - 20 20 60 100 3 OEC1 BTEED505 Group C 3 - - 20 20 60 100 1 LC BTEEL507 Power System Analysis Lab - - 2 60 - 40 100 1 LC BTEEL508 Microprocessor and Microcontroller Lab - 2 60 - 40 100 1 Internship BTEEP510 Mini project-II - 2 60 - 40 100 1	Course Catego ry	Course CodeCourse TitleTeaching Scheme				<u> </u>	Ev	Credi t			
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OEC1 BTEE0E505 Group C 3 - - 20 20 60 100 3 HSSM C BTHM506 Foreign Language * - - - - - - - - - - Audit LC BTEEL507 Power System Analysis Lab - - 2 60 - 40 100 1 LC BTEEL507 Microprocessor and Microcontroller Lab - - 2 60 - 40 100 1 LC BTEED509 Power Electronics Lab - - 2 60 - 40 100 1 LC BTEEP510 Mini project-II - - 2 10 340 100 50 50 1 Internship BTEEP410 Internship-II Evaluation - - 2 10 340 100 3 22 PCC7 BTEEC601 Switchgear and Protection 3	PCC6	BTEEC503	Power Electronics	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
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OEC2BTEEOE605Group E32020601003LCBTEEL606Switchgear and Protection Lab260401001LCBTEEL607Electrical Machine Design Lab260401001LCBTEEL608Control System Engineering Lab260401001LCBTEEL608Control System Engineering Lab260401001SeminarBTEEM609Seminar460401002Internship-III (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in third or fourth semester or in at one time)PTEEP610BTEEP610Engineer or in at one time)PTEEP610Engineer or in at one time)<	PCC9	BTEEC603	2	3	1	-	20	20	60	100	4
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LCBTEEL608Engineering Lab260401001SeminarBTEEM609Seminar460401002Internship-III (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in third or fourth semester or in at one time)460401002Internship-III (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in third or fourth semester or in at one time)<	LC	BTEEL607		-	-	2	60		40	100	1
Internsh ip BTEEP610 Internship-III (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in third or fourth semester or in at one time) Internship Credit s to be evaluat ted in VII sem.	LC	BTEEL608	Control System		-	2	60		40	100	1
Internsh ip BTEEP610 (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in third or fourth semester or in at one time)	Seminar	BTEEM609	Seminar	-	-	4	60		40	100	2
	Internsh ip BTEEP610 (minimum of 4 weeks which can be completed partially in third or fourth		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	VII	
		1	Total	15	2	10	340	100	460	900	22

Curriculum for Semester V

BSC= Basic Science Course, ESC= Engineering Science Course, PCC= Professional Core Course, PEC= Professional Elective Course, OEC= Open Elective Course, LC= Laboratory Course, HSSMC= Humanities and Social Science including Management Course # Online NPTEL Course

Semester V

BTEEPE504 Professional Elective (Group B)	BTEEOE505 Open Elective (Group C)
(A)HVDC	(A) Embedded System
(B) Power Quality Issues	(B) Electrical Safety
(C) Industrial Automation	(C) Condition Monitoring of Electric Apparatus

BTHM506 Foreign Language

(A) Japanese Language (B)German Language

Semester VI						
BTEEPE604 Professional Elective (Group D)	BTEEOE605 Open Elective (Group E)					
(A) Flexible AC Transmission System	(A) E-waste Management					
(B) Smart Grid Technology	(B) Power Plant Engineering					
(C) Modeling, Simulation and Control of Electric	(C) Sensor Technology					
Drives						
	(D) Lightning Interaction with Power System					

Semester V

BTEEC501 POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS

Unit 1: Modeling of Power System

Complex power flow, balanced and reactance diagrams of a power system, per unit system per unit representation of transformers, synchronous machines, representation of loads. Graph theory and its applications for formation of primitive network and Z and Y matrices, incidence matrices, Y-bus and Z-bus matrices.

Unit 2: Load Flow Studies:

Introduction, network model formulation, formation of Y-bus by singular transformation, load flow problem, Iterative methods of load flow such as Gauss Gauss-Seidel, Newton-Raphson method, decoupled load flow and fast decoupled load flow, Automatic Generation control.

Unit 3: Symmetrical Fault Analysis:

Transients on a transmission line, short circuit of a synchronous machine on no load and on load. Short circuit current computation on no load and on load, selection of circuit breakers, Z-bus formulation, algorithm of short circuit studies.

Unit 4: Symmetrical Components:

Fundamentals of symmetrical components, sequence impedance and sequence network of star connected loads, transmission lines, synchronous machines and transformer sequence network of a loaded generator.

Unit 5: Unsymmetrical Faults Analysis

single line to ground (l-g), Line to line (L-L), double line to ground (L-L-G) faults analysis of above faults using bus impedance matrix, bus voltage and line current during faults. open conductor faults.

Unit 6: Security Analysis

Basic Concepts, Security analysis, Load Dispatch centre, Contingency Analysis, preventive and emergency control, Electrical Power Quality, causes, affects and mitigation methods.

Text books:

1. I.J. Nagrath& D.P. Kothari, "Modern System Analysis", Tata McGraw-Hill

2. Stevenson W.D "Elements of Power System Analysis", McGraw- Hill Wadhawa C.L "Elements Power System", John Wiley & sons.

Reference Books:

- 1. "Power System Analysis", T.K. Nagsarkar, M.S. Sukhiya. (OXFERD U. P.)
- 2. Stevenson W.D. and Grainger J.J. "Power System Analysis" McGraw-Hill
- 3. A.R. Bergen and Vijay Vittal, Power Systems Analysis, Pearson Education Asia, 2001.
- 4. Stagg W.D. & EI-AbiadA.H.,"Computer Method in Power System Analysis", McGraw-Hill
- 5. H.Saadat "Power System analysis", McGraw-Hill
- 6. Elgred O.I. electrical Energy System Theory", McGraw-Hill.

4 Credits

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7. J.D. Glover, M. Sarma and T.J. Overbye, Power System Analysis and Design, Fourth Edition, Thomson Engineering Press, 2008.

BTEEC502 MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER **04 Credits**

Unit 1: Microprocessor architecture

8085 architecture, functional block diagram, Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), Timing and control Unit, Registers, Data and Address bus, Interface unit, 8085 instructions, Instruction word size: one byte, two byte and three byte instructions, addressing modes of 8085, assembly language programming Timing and control signals, Fetch operations, Execution operations, Machine cycle and state, Instruction and data flow, System timing diagram-interrupts.

Unit 2: Memory interfacing

Types of main memories, Compatibility between memory and system BUS, Address space, Partitioning of address space, Special chips for address decoding, ROM and RAM interfacing, i/o interfacing: memory map i/o, i/o map i/o scheme. Programmable peripheral interface. Data transfer techniques and their implementation: Programmed data transfer, DMA mode of transfer, I/O port, Device polling in interrupt driven mode of data transfer, DMA controller and data transfer in DMA mode, Serial mode of data transfer

Unit 3: Applications of microprocessors

Interfacing of A/D converters, interfacing of D/A converter, wave generator, multiplex seven segment LED display system, measurement of frequency, phase angle and power factor. Traffic light controller and stepper motor controller.

Unit 4: 8051 Microcontroller

Intel 8051 architecture, memory organization, flags, stack, and special function registers, I/O, ports - connecting external memory, counters and timers, serial data I/O, Interrupts. Microcontroller instructions - addressing modes, moving data, logical operations, arithmetic operations, jump and call instructions – subroutines - Interrupts and returns.

Unit 5: Microcontroller programming

Assembly Language Programming, timer and counter programming, connection to RS 232 and RS 485, Interrupt programming. Peripherals and interfacing - Serial and parallel I/O (8251 and 8255), Programmable DMA controller, Programmable interrupt controller, ADC/DAC interfacing.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. Systems and Microprocessors, John P. Hayes, Digital McGraw-Hill I.E.
- 2. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications, R.S.Gaonkar, Wiley Eastern.
- 3. Microprocessor and Interfacing: Programming and Hardware, D.V. Hall, McGraw-Hill I.E
- 4. Digital Systems and Microprocessors, John P. Hayes, McGraw-Hill I.E.

7 Hours

7 Hours

7Hours

8 Hours

BTEEC 503 POWER ELECTRONICS

Unit 1: Introduction

Concept of Power Electronics, Different types of power electronics devices, converter systems, areas of application, recent developments. Device characteristics, protection and operation: Terminal characteristics of major power electronics devices(SCR, BJT, MOSFET, IGBT, GTO, TRIAC,), ratings, protection, heating, cooling and mounting, series and parallel operation, firing circuits, Snubber circuits

Unit 2: Phase controlled rectifiers

Analysis and design of diode rectifier circuits and controlled rectifier circuits (for R, RL, RLE load), Phase control, power factor, DC load voltage, Polyphase rectifiers, Current and voltage waveforms analysis, Applications for DC motor drives. Effect of source impedance on the performance of converters, dual converters.

Unit 3: Choppers

Principle of chopper operation, Control strategies, Types of chopper circuits and steady state analysis. Commutation in chopper circuits, buck, boost and buck-boost chopper, Discontinuous current analysis, Non-ideal effects and dynamic performance, Applications for DC motor drives. PWM control and operation

Unit 4: Inverters

Classification of inverters, Single-phase and three-phase Voltage source Inverters, Methods of controlling output voltage, frequency and phase, Reduction of harmonics in the inverter output voltage, Current source inverters and operations. Applications for AC motor drives, Pulse Width Modulation (PWM): Types of PWM.

Unit 5: AC Voltage Controller

Types of AC voltage controllers, Single phase voltage controllers, Sequence control of ac voltage controllers, 3-phase AC voltage controller operation Application of AC-AC Phase Control, Singlephase and poly phase control circuits, Applications for AC motor drives, Cycloconverters: Principles of cycloconverter operation, Methods of controlling output voltage and frequency in cases of: Single phase to single phase, three phases to single phase, three phases to three phase operation.

Applications: Power supply applications, few applications in residential and industrial systems, Electric utility.

Reference Books:

- 1. Power Electronics, P C Sen, TMH
- 2. Power Electronics, Dubey, TMH
- 3. Thyristorised Power Controllers, Dubey et. al., TMH
- 4. Power Electronics, Rashid Mohammed, PHI

04 Credits 7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

BTEEPE504A HVDC

Unit 1: Introduction to HVDC transmission

Development of HVDC Technology, DC versus AC Transmission, DC System components and their functions, Converter configuration, Selection of Converter Configuration, Firing angle, Current and extinction angle control, DC link power control, Reactive power control and VAR sources, MTDC system types

Unit 2: Bridge converters

Rectifier and inverter operation, equivalent circuit representation, power reversal, desired features of control and actual control characteristics.

Unit 3: Basic HVDC controllers

Converter faults, commutation failure, bypass action in bridges, protection issues in HVDC - DC reactors, voltage and current oscillations, DC circuit breakers and over voltage protection.

Unit 4: Harmonics in HVDC

Characteristics and uncharacteristic harmonics, troubles due to harmonics, harmonic filters – active and passive filters. Introduction to Hybrid HVDC and Off-shore wind power evacuation schemes .

Unit 5: Component models for analysis of AC DC system

Power flow analysis Of AC DC system, transient stability analysis, dynamic stability analysis, advances in HVDC Transmission, application in wind power generation.

Text/ Reference Books:

1. K. R. Padiyar, -HVDC power transmission system^I, Willey eastern limited, Second edition.

2. 2. E. W. Kimbark, —direct current transmission, Wiley- inter science, NewYork.

03 Credits

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

BTEEPE504B POWER OUALITY ISSUES

Unit 1: Introduction

Definition of Power quality, Power Quality –Voltage & Current Quality, Importance of Power Quality, Power quality Evaluation. General Classes of Power quality Problems, Transients, Long-Duration Voltage Variations, Short-Duration Voltage Variations, Voltage Imbalance, Waveform Distortion, Voltage fluctuation, Power Quality Terms, CBEMA and ITI Curves. Voltage Sags and Interruptions: Sources of Sags and Interruptions, estimating voltage Sag Performance, Fundamental Principles of Protection, Solution at the End-User Level, Motor -Starting Sags.

Unit 2: Transient over Voltages

Sources of Transient Over voltages, Principles of Over voltage Protection, Devices for over voltageProtection, Utility Capacitor-Switching transients, Utility System Lightning Protection, ManagingFerro-resonance, Switching Transient Problems with Loads, Computer Tools for TransientsAnalysis.

Unit 3: Fundamentals of Harmonics

Harmonic Distortion. Voltage versus Current Distortion, Harmonics versus Transients, HarmonicIndexes, Harmonic Sources from Commercial Loads, Harmonic Sources from Industrial Loads, Locating Harmonic Sources, Effects of Harmonic distortion, interharmonics, Harmonic distortionEvaluations, Principles for Controlling Harmonics, Harmonic Filter design: A Case Study, Standards of Harmonics.

Unit 4: Long-Duration Voltage Variations

Principles of Regulating the Voltage, Devices for Voltage Regulation, Utility Voltage Regulatorapplication, Capacitors for Voltage Regulation, End-Users Capacitors Application, and RegulatingUtility Voltage with distributed Resources Flicker.

Unit 5: Power Quality Monitoring

Monitoring considerations, Historical Perspective of Power quality Measuring Instruments, PowerQuality Measurement Equipment, Assessment of Power Quality Measurement Data, Application of intelligent Systems, Power Quality Monitoring Standards, Monitoring considerations.

References/Books:

- 1. Chattopadhyay, Surajit, Mitra, Electric Power Quality, Springer.
- 2. Haytt G. T., -Electric Power Quality, Stars In Circle Publication.
- 3. NPTEL courses

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

03 Credits

7 Hours

BTEEP504C INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION

Unit 1: Introduction to Industrial Automation

Architecture of Industrial Automation Systems, Elements of an Automated System, Functional hierarchy of an Industrial Automation system, Levels of Automation.

Unit 2: Programmable Logic Controllers

Introduction, Architecture of PLC, PLC Operation, PLC Hardware Components-Input-Output module (Discrete and Analog), PLC Programming - Ladder Logic, Functional Block Diagram (FBD), Ladder Logic Programming (NO-NC, Timer and Counter), PLC Communication, Application of PLCs.

Unit 3: Industrial Drives Control

Classification of Industrial Drives, DC Motor Drives, Induction Motor Drives, Variable Speed Drives, Servo Motor Drives, Step Motor Drives, BLDC Motor Drives, Control of Drives, Industrial Application of Drives.

Unit 4: SCADA

SCADA system Architecture, Elements of SCADA System, Human Machine Interface, Master Terminal Unit, Remote Terminal Unit. Alarm Handling and Trending, Access Control, Automation Logging, Archiving, Report Generation. Types of interfaces, SCADACommunication.SCADA Applications: Operation and control of interconnected power system, Automatic substation control, Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution sector operation.

Unit 5: Distributed Control System

Introduction and Overview, System Architecture, System Elements, Difference between Centralized and Distributed Control System. Displays: Group Display, Overview Display, Detail Display, Data Highways, Field Buses, Multiplexers and Remote Sensing Terminal Units, I/O Hardware, Case study of any one DCS.

Text Books/ Reference Books:

- 1. C. D. Johnson, "Process Control Instrumentation Technology", Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. B. G. Liptak, Instrument Engineer's Handbook, Process Control, Chilton Book Company.
- 3. W. Bolton, "Programmable Logic Controllers", Elsevier.
- Hughes, "Programmable Controllers", ISA Publications. 4
- 5 Frank D. Petruzella, "Programmable Logic Controllers", McGraw-Hill Book Company.
- 6 John W. Webb and Ronald A. Reis, "Programmable Logic Controllers", PHI.
- Stuart A. Boyer "Supervisors Control and Data Acquisition", ISA. 7

8 Hours

7 Hours

8 Hours

7 Hours

6 Hours

03 Credits

BTEEOE505A EMBEDDED SYSTEM

Unit 1: Embedded System Architectures

Introduction, Components of Embedded Systems ARM processor - architectural design -memory organization -data operation-bus configurations. System on-chip, scalable bus architectures, Design example: Alarm clock, hybrid architectures.

Unit 2: Sensor and Actuator I/O 7 Hours

ADC, DAC, timers, Servos, Relays, stepper motors, H-Bridge, port.

Unit 3: Real time operating systems (RTOS)

real time kernel – OS tasks – task states – task scheduling –interrupt processing – clocking communication and synchronization – control blocks – memory requirements and control – kernel services.

Unit 4: Embedded Networks

Distributed Embedded Architecture – Hardware and Software Architectures, Networks for embedded systems– I2C, CAN Bus, Ethernet, Internet, Network-based design–Communication Analysis, system performance Analysis, Hardware platform design, Allocation and scheduling, Design Example: Elevator Controller.

Unit 5: System Design

Specification, Requirements and Architectural design of PBX systems, Set-top box, Ink-jet printer, Laser printer, Personal digital Assistants.

Embedded Hardware : memory map, i/o map, interrupt map, processor family, external peripherals, memory- RAM, ROM, types of RAM and ROM, memory Testing, CRC, Flash memory.

Text/ References Books:

- Sloss Andrew N, Symes Dominic, Wright Chris, —ARM System Developer's Guide: Designing and Optimizingl, Morgan Kaufman Publication,2004.
- Raj Kamal,—Embedded Systems Architecture: Programming and Designl, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 3rded.,2003.

03 Credits 7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

BTEEOE505B ELECTRICAL SAFETY

Unit 1: Primary and secondary hazards arc

blast, shocks-causes and effects-safety equipment- flash and thermal protection, head and eyeprotection-rubber insulating equipment, hot sticks, insulated tools, barriersandsigns, safety tags, locking devices- voltage measuring instruments- proximity and contact testers-safety electricaloneline diagram- electrician 's safety kit.

9 Hours Unit 2: General requirements for grounding and bonding

definitions-grounding of electrical equipment bonding of electrically conducting materials andother equipment-connection of grounding and bonding equipment- system grounding- purpose of system grounding- grounding electrode system grounding conductor connection to electrodes-useof grounded circuit conductor for grounding equipment- grounding of low voltage and highvoltage systems

The six step safety methods- pre job briefings - hot-work decision tree-safe switching of power systemlockout-tag out- flash hazard calculation and approach distances- calculating there required level of arc protection-safetyequipment, procedure for low, medium and high voltagesystems- the one-minute safety audit.

Unit 3: Electrical safety programmer structure

development- company safety team- safety policy programme implementation- employee electrical safety teams-safety meetings- safety audit accident prevention- first aid- rescuetechniquesaccident investigation.

Unit 4: Safety related case for electrical maintenance

reliability cantered maintenance (RCM) -eight step maintenance programme- frequency of maintenance- maintenance requirement for specific equipment and location.

Unit 5: Regulatory bodies

National electrical safety code- standard for electrical safety in work place- occupational safety and health administration standards, Indian Electricity Acts related to Electrical Safety.

Text / Reference Books:

- 1. John Cadick, Mary Capelli-Schellpfeffer, Dennis Neitzel, Al Winfield, =Electrical SafetyHandbook ', McGraw-Hill Education, 4th Edition, 2012.
- 2. Maxwell Adams.J, =Electrical Safety- a guide to the causes and prevention of electrichazards ', The Institution of Electric Engineers, IET 1994.
- 3. Ray A. Jones, Jane G. Jones, =Electrical Safety in the Workplace ', Jones & BartlettLearning, 2000

7 Hours

6 Hours

6 Hours

03 Credits 7 Hours

BTEEOE505C CONDITION MONITORING OF ELECTRICAL APPARATUS

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the necessity of condition monitoring and reliability.
- 2. Have knowledge about the conventional and modern methodologies/techniques.
- 3. Develop basic functional models for condition monitoring system to different kind of power apparatus.
- 4. Determine life expectancy of the equipment

Unit 1: Basic Considerations and Maintenance

Basic definitions, terminologies, symbolic representation, Necessity from technical social, financial aspect, types of faults in electrical equipments {Electrical equipments such as transformer, CT/PT and rotating electrical machines, CBs, etc.}, maintenance strategies, breakdown maintenance, planned, preventative and condition based maintenance

Unit 2: Testing of Electrical Equipments

Cables, Transformers, Induction motor, Capacitor banks, conventional methods, Measurement of insulation resistance, Diagnostic Testing: Routine tests, type tests, special tests, offline tests, Causes of failure and remedies.

Unit 3: Analysis tools

Recent methods (offline), Dissolved Gas Analysis (DGA), Dissipation Factor (tan δ), Sweep Frequency Response Analysis (SFRA), Partial Discharge (PD), Time Domain Dielectric Response (TDDR), Frequency Domain Spectroscopy (FDS), Chemical analysis. Image processing techniques

Unit 4: Online condition monitoring and instrumentation

Recent methods (online), vibration, chemical and temperature monitoring, sensor and data acquisition system, Modern algorithms, GA, and signal processing techniques. Application to various equipments such as transformer, induction motor, synchronous generator and motor, DC motor, CT and PT, case studies.

Unit 5: Current, Flux and Power Analysis

Discrete time Fourier series and its convergence, discrete time Fourier Transform, its properties, frequency response. Introduction to DFT in time domain and frequency domain, Derivation of DFT from DTFT, Inverse DFT, Convolution using DFT, Computational Complexity of the DFT, Decimation-in-time FFT Algorithm, Decimation In Frequency FFT Algorithm, Wavelet transform, Lab view platform.

Unit 6: Reliability and failure rate Assessment

Comparison of DIT AND DIF algorithms. Introduction to FIR and IIR Filter Design. Calculation of Power Equipment Reliability for Condition-based Maintenance Decision-making, Optimum

6 Hours

6 Hours

6 Hours

6 Hours

8 Hours

3 Credits

Reliability- Centered Maintenance, Cost Related Reliability Measures for Power System Equipment, Reliability based replacement refurbishment/planning

Text Books:

- P. Vas, "Parameter estimation, condition monitoring and diagnosis of electrical machines", Clarendon Press Oxford, 1993.
- P. Tavner, Li Ran, J. Penman and H. Sedding, "Condition monitoring of rotating electrical machines", IET press, 2008.

Reference Books:

- Xose M Lo'pez, Ferna'ndez, H Bu⁻lentErtan, J Turowski, "Transformers analysis, design, and measurement", CRC Press, 2012
- S.V. Kulkarni and S. A. Khaparde, "Transformer Engineering: Design, Technology and Diagnostics", Second edition, CRC Press, 2013
- R. Billinton and R. N. Allan, "Reliability Evaluation of Power Systems, 2nd ed. New York", NY, USA: Plenum, 1996.
- 4. Videos on Transformer condition evaluation with ABBs Mature Transformer Management Program
- Induction motor condition monitoring with ABBs, Siemens, General Electricals (source You Tube

BTEEL507 POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS LAB

Any Eight Experiments from the following list.(Any Experiment from the following list can be performed either SCILAB/MATLAB/Any Other Software.)

- 1. Write a program to draw the per unit reactance diagram of a given power system.
- 2. Solution of building the Bus Admittance matrix for given power system network.
- 3. Solution of power flow problem of a given power system using Gauss-Siedel method.
- 4. Solution of power flow problem of a given power system using Newton Raphson Method.
- 5. Solution of power flow problem of a given power system using Fast Decoupled method.
- 6. Single Line to Ground Fault (L-G) analysis of a Three Phase Transmission Line at no load and light load conditions.
- 7. Line to Line Fault (L-L) analysis of Three Phase Transmission Line at No load and Light load conditions.
- 8. Double Line to Ground Fault (LLG) analysis of Three Phase Transmission Line at No load and Light load conditions.
- 9. Symmetrical L-L-L Fault analysis of Three Phase Transmission Line at No load and Light load conditions.

BTEEL508 MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER LAB

1	Study of Architecture of 8085
2	Assembly language program for addition and subtraction of 8 bit &16 bit numbers based on 8085 microprocessor
3	Assembly language program for multiplication of two numbers based on 8085 microprocessor
4	Assembly language program for Multiplication and division of two numbers based on 8085 microprocessor
5	Assembly language program for determination of smaller and larger no based on 8085 microprocessor
6	Assembly language program for ascending and descending order based on 8085 microprocessor
7	Assembly language program for rolling/flash LED based on 8085 microprocessor
8	Interfacing of 7 segment LED to 8085 microprocessor
9	Interfacing of Stepper motor with microprocessor
1 0	Programs based on arithmetic instructions for 8051 microcontroller
1 1	Interfacing of stepper motor to 8051 microcontroller
1 2	Interfacing of DC motor to 8051 microcontroller
1	Interfacing of converters ADC 0808/0809 and DAC 0808
3 1 4	Generate Delay using Timer section of 8051 microcontroller.
Con	duct any 4 practicals fro 1 to 7 and 4 practicals from 8 to 14.

BTEEL509 POWER ELECTRONICS LAB

01 CREDIT

1.V-I characteristics of various power electronics devices.(At least two devices SCR/MOSFET/IGBT/TRIAC/GTO) Group A (minimum four)

Group A (minimum rour)

2.Experimental analysis of single phase uncontrolled converter

3.Experimental analysis of single phase Half controlled converter

4. Experimental analysis of single phase fully controlled converter

5.Experimental analysis of three phase bridge inverter.

6.Experimental analysis of BUCK /BOOST/BUCK -BOOST converter

Group B

7. Simulation of Single phase Semi controlled converter

8. Simulation of Single phase Fully controlled converter

9. Simulation of Single phase inverter

BTEEPE510 MINI PROJECT II

01 Credits

Guidelines:

Stage	Work to be carried
Ι	 Selection of a project (Hardware or Software Based) on recent trends in Electrical Engineering. Planning the outcome of the project and listing out the expected outcome of the project. Literature Survey
II	• Development of Project Idea in the form of working model (Hardware based projects) or production of appropriate simulation results of the proposed idea (Software based projects).
III	 Verification of the results obtained of the working model or the simulation results. Comparing if the outcomes as defined in Phase I are met and taking corrective action.
IV	• Completion of project by developing the Project Report and submitting the report to the concerned to receive the final credits.

Semester VI

BTEEC601 SWITCHGEAR AND PROTECTION

Unit 1: Introduction to Switchgear and Protection

Introduction, Need for power system protection, effects of faults, Requirement of Relays, Relays Terminology, basic circuit, relay connection with trip circuit and circuit breaker, types of relay, Protective Devices: Philosophy of protection, zones of protection, primary and backup protection, Methods of earthing and their effect on fault conditions. Different types of relays: attracted armature type, balanced beam type, induction type.

Unit 2: Static and Numerical Relays

Amplitude and phase comparator techniques, Differential relays, directional relay, impedance relay, admittance relay, MHO relay, description of numerical relays, relaying algorithms, use of numerical relays as fault locator and disturbance recorder. Microprocessor Based Relays: Advantages, over current relays, directional relays, distance relays.

Unit 3: Circuit Breakers and Fuses

Introduction, arcing in circuit breakers, arc interruption, re-striking and recovery voltage, current chopping, resistance switch, Air blast circuit breakers, minimum and bulk oil circuit breakers, SF6 and Vacuum Circuit breakers, circuit breakers rating, testing of CB, point on wave switching, Definitions of terms in fuses, HRC fuses. Introduction, fuse characteristics, types of fuses, application of HRC fuses. Selection of circuit breakers, high voltage d.c. breakers.

Unit 4: Protection of Transmission Lines

Over current protection, construction and operation of instantaneous over current relay. Directional Over current relay, distance protection, unit protection schemes, carrier aided distance protection, protection of feeders, protection of ring main and parallel feeders, protection of radial feeders by over current relays, distance relays and carrier current protection scheme. Protection of induction motor's against overload, short-circuits, thermal release, miniature circuit breaker

Unit 5: Protection of Alternators & Transformers

Differential protection of alternator, protection of stator against phases to ground fault, phase to phase faults, inter turn fault, protection against unbalanced loading, protection of rotor against ground fault, field failure, reverse power, back up protection, field suppression, protection of bus bars, frame leakage protection. Differential protection of transformer for different winding configurations, difficulties encountered in differential protection and their remedies. Standards and specifications related to switch gear and protection

Text/References Books:

1. Power system protection and switchgearl, Ravindranath and Chander, TMH

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

04 Credits 7 Hours

- 2. Fundamentals of power system protectionl, Paithankar and Bhide, PHI
- 3. J. L. Blackburn and T. J. Domin, Protective Relaying: Principles & Applications, CRC Press, 2006.

4. Electrical power system, Wadhwa, New Age. 2. - Power system protection, Badri Ram, TMH.

BTEEC602 ELECTRICAL MACHINE DESIGN

Unit I: Principles of Electrical Machine Design:

Principles of design, design factors, limitations, Ratings, Specifications, Standards, Performance and other criteria to be considered, Brief study of magnetic, electric, dielectric and other materials, Introduction and advantages of various approaches of Computer Aided Designing.

Unit II: Design of Simple Electrical Apparatus& AC and DC Windings: 6 Hours

Detailed design of heating coils, starters, chokes and lifting magnets, Numerical examples.

AC & DC Windings: Constructional features, types of ac windings, Choice and design of simple/ duplex lap and wave winding, Concept of multiplex windings and reasons for choosing them, Single and double layer three phase AC winding (mush) with integral slots

Unit III: Design of Induction Motor (Stator):

Calculation of Ampere-Turns for flux distribution in rotating machines, Calculation of Ampere-Turns for flux distribution in rotating machines, output equation of three phase IM, specific electrical and magnetic loadings, ranges of specific loadings, turns per phase, number of stator slots, calculations for main dimensions, stator design parameters, Numerical examples.

Unit IV: Design of Induction Motor (Rotor):

Selection of length of air gap, factors affecting length of air gap, design of rotor, Unbalanced magnetic pull and its estimation, harmonic field effect on the performance of3-phase induction motor, Design of squirrel cage and wound rotor

Unit V: Heating and Ventilation of Electrical Machines:

Study of different modes of heat generation, Temperature rise and heat dissipation, Heating and Cooling cycles, heating and cooling time constants, their estimation, dependence and applications, Methods of cooling / ventilation of electrical apparatus, Thermal resistance, radiated heat quantity of cooling medium (Coolant) Numerical examples.

Unit VI: Design of Transformer:

Design of Transformer: Design of distribution and power transformers, Types, Classification and specifications, Design and main dimensions of core, yoke, winding, tank (with and without cooling tubes), Estimation of leakage reactance, resistance of winding, No load current, Losses, Mechanical force developed during short circuits, their estimation and measures to reduce them, Numerical examples.

Textbooks:

1. Sawhaney. A. K- A Course in Electrical Machine Design (DhanpatRai).

Reference Books:

1. .Deshpande. M. V- A Course in Electrical Machine Design (Prentice Hall Of India).

6 Hours

6 Hours

10 Hours

10 Hours

04 Credits 6 Hours

BTEEC603 CONTROL SYSTEM ENGINEERING

Unit 1: Introduction

Concept of open & closed loop control system, Transfer Function: Concept of system: Physical system, Physical model, Linear and Nonlinear systems, Time variant and Time invariant system. Equations of physical systems (Mass-Spring-Dashpot system, R-L-C series & parallel circuit) Transfer Function, Procedure of obtaining transfer function.

Block diagrams and Signal flow graphs: a) Block diagram, Block Diagram reduction, and Numerical examples. b) Signal flow graph; Masons gain formula for deriving overall transfer function of systems. Feedback characteristics of control system: Concept of Negative and Positive feedback, Sensitivity of the system to parameter variation and with negative and positive feedback.

Unit 2: Time Domain Analysis

Typical test signals, Time domain specifications, Steady state response, Types of system, Steady State Error constants and Steady State Error, Transient Response, Concept of stability, Determination of stability by Routh - Hurwitz criterion.

Unit 3: Frequency Domain Analysis

Introduction to Frequency Domain Analysis, Polar plots, Bode plots, Nyquist criterion, Relative stability from Nyquistcriterion. Root Locus, Construction of Root Locus, and Stability from Root Locus plots, Effect of addition of poles & zeros on Root Locus plots, Compensation network: Lag, Lead & Lag-Lead.

Unit 4: PID Controllers

Introduction to Proportional (P), Integral (I) & Derivative (D) controller, individual effect on overall system performance, P-PI & PID control and effect on overall system performance.

Unit 5: State Variable Technique

Concept of State, State Variable & State Vector, State Variable Analysis: Different forms of state variable representations (Phase, Physical & Canonical form), Concept of Diagonalization, Obtaining StateEquations from Transfer Function representation and vice versa, Solution of State Equations, StateTransition Matrix (STM), Methods of finding STM, Power Series Method, Laplace Transform Method, Calay Hamilton Method, Controllability & Observability of linear system, Kalman's test.

Text Books/ReferenceBooks:

- 1. Ogata K., "Modem Control Engineering", Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Kuo B. C., "Automatic Control System", Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. Nagarath I. J. and Gopal M., "Control System Engineering", Willey Eastern.
- 4. Norman S. Nice, "Control System Engineering", Wiley.

10 Hours

04 Credits

10 Hours

8 Hours

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7 Hours

- 5. Smarajit Ghosh, "Control Systems Theory & Applications", Pearson.
- 6. Gopal M., "Control System", Prentice Hall of India.

BTEEPE604A FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Unit 1: Transmission Interconnection

Flow of power in the AC system, factors affecting loading capability, power flow and dynamicstability consideration of a Transmission interconnection, Description and application of HVDCtransmission, DC System components and their functions, Converter configuration, Principles ofDC Link control and Converter control characteristics, Firing angle, Current and extinction anglecontrol, DC link power control

Unit 2: Flexible AC Transmission

Benefits of FACTS, Basic Realities & Roles, Types of FACTS Controller, Principles of Series and Shunt Compensation. Introduction to Voltage source and Current source converter. Shunt compensation (SVC): Objectives of shunt compensation, Midpoint voltage regulation for long transmission line, voltage instability prevention, improvement of transient stability

Unit 3: Reactive power control and VAR sources

Reactive power control and VAR sources Methods of controllable VAR generation, Description ofStatic VAR Compensators (SVC), Variable impedance type VAR generators. Thyristor controlledreactor (TCR), Thyristor Switched Capacitor (TSC), TSC-TCR, Fixed capacitor TCR (FC-TCR).Shunt compensation

Unit 4: Variable impedance type series compensator

Thyristor Switches Series Capacitor (TSSC), Thyristor Controlled Series Compensators (TCSC). Switching Converter type Series Compensator. Introduction to interline power flow controller, Special purpose FACTS controllers, Thyristor controlled voltage limiter and voltage regulator, Thyristor controlled braking resistor and current limiter.

Unit 5: (STATCOM)

Switching type VAR generator, Static Synchronous Compensator (STATCOM), Basic operatingprinciple, Configuration. Basic control approach, Comparison between SVC and STATCOM.Series Compensator: Objectives of series compensation, improvement of transient stabilitySynchronous Series Compensator: (SSSC) and Controller for SSSC, Basic configuration andworking of Unified Power Flow Controller (UPFC). Unified Power Flow Controller, CircuitArrangement, Basic Principle of P and Q Control, independent real and reactive power flow control, Applications GCSC, TSSC, TCSC & SSSC

Text Books/Reference Books:

- N.G Hingorani, L. Gyugyi, —Understanding FACTS: Concepts and Technology of FlexibleAC Transmission Systems^{II}, IEEEPress Book, Standard Publishers and Distributors, Delhi,2001.
- 2. Padiyar K.R., -HVDC Power Transmission System^I, Wiely Eastern PVT Limited.

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

3 Credits

- 3. Thyristor Based FACTS Controllers for Electrical Transmission System, R.M. Mathur, and R. K.Verma
- 4. FACTS: Controller in Power Transmission & Distribution, K. R. Padiyar, New AgeInternational.
- 5. HVDC and F ACTS controllers, Application of Static converter in Power System, V.K. Sood
- 6. E.W. Kimbark Direct Current transmission I, Vol.1, John Wielly, New York
- 7. T,J.E Miller, —Reactive Power Control in Electric Systemsl, John Wiley & Sons.

BTEEPE604B SMART GRID TECHNOLOGY

Unit 1: Introduction to Smart Grid

Introduction, working definitions of Smart Grid, Need of Smart Grid, Present development & International policies in Smart Grid. Introduction to Smart Meters, Real Time Pricing, Smart Appliances, Automatic Meter Reading(AMR), Outage Management System(OMS), Vehicle to Grid, Smart Sensors, Home & Building Automation Smart Substations, Substation Automation, Feeder Automation. Geographic Information System(GIS), Intelligent Electronic Devices(IED) & their application for monitoring & protection, Smart storage like Battery, SMES, Pumped Hydro, Compressed Air Energy Storage,Indian Smart Grid –Key Challenges for Smart Grid. Application and standards, Impacts of Smart Grid on reliability, Impacts of Smart Grid on air pollutant emissions reduction.

Unit 2: Smart Grid Architecture

Components and Architecture of Smart Grid Design –Review of the proposed architectures for Smart Grid. The fundamental components of Smart Grid designs –Transmission Automation – Distribution Automation –Renewable Integration Tools and Techniques for Smart Grid: Computational Techniques –Static and Dynamic Optimization Techniques –Computational Intelligence Techniques –Evolutionary Algorithms – Artificial Intelligence techniques

Unit 3: Distribution Generation Technologies

Introduction to Renewable Energy Technologies –Micro grids –Electric Vehicles and plug–in hybrids –Environmental impact and Climate Change –Economic Issues

Unit 4: Communication Technologies and Smart Grid

Introduction to Communication Technology – Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI), Home Area Network (HAN), Neighborhood Area Network (NAN), Wide Area Network (WAN). Bluetooth, ZigBee, GPS, Wi-Fi, Wi-Max based communication, Synchro Phasor Measurement Units (PMUs) –Wide Area Measurement Systems (WAMS). Two-way Digital Communications Paradigm, Network Architectures, IP- based Systems Power Line Communications.

Unit 5: Control of Smart Power Grid System

Load Frequency Control (LFC) in Micro Grid System –Voltage Control in Micro Grid System – Reactive Power Control in Smart Grid. Case Studies and Test beds for the Smart Grids. Security and Privacy: Cyber Security Challenges in Smart Grid, Load Altering Attacks, False Data Injection Attacks, Defense Mechanisms, Privacy Challenges.

Reference Books:

1. James Momoh, —Smart Grid Fundamentals of Design and Analysis, Wiley, 2012

9 Hours

6 Hours

7 Hours

6 Hours

7 Hours

03 Credits 9 Hours

- 2. Keyhani, -Smart Power Grid Renewable Energy Systems, Wiley 2011
- 3. Janaka Ekanayake, Nick Jenkins, Kithsiri Liyanage, —Smart Grid: Technology and Applications, Wiley 2012.
- 4. Jean Claude Sabonnadiere, NouredineHadjsaid, —Smart Gridsl, Wiley ISTE 2012.

BTEEPE604C MODELING, SIMULATION AND CONTROL OF ELCTRICAL DRIVES 3 Credits

Unit 1: Introduction

Introduction to Electric drives: Advantages of Electrical Drives, Parts of Electrical drive. Choice of Electric drives. Dynamics of Electrical drives: fundamental torque equations, multiquadrant operation Classes of motor duty & criteria for selection of motor.Load equalization, stability of electrical drives, sensors in drive systems.

Unit 2: DC motor drives:

Review of basic characteristics of DC motors, Single phase andThree phase rectifier controlled drives.DC-DC converter drives:Principle of Rheostatic and regenerative braking control, combined control, two and four quadrant DC-DC converter fed drives.

Unit 3: AC Drives:

Speed control of three phase induction motors, Stator voltage control, Rotor voltage control, frequency control, Voltage and frequency control.Principle of Scalar andVector control of Induction motor, Static rotor resistance control method, static slip power recovery control.Direct torque control of Induction motor, direct torque control of PM synchronous motor drives

Unit 4: Sensor less control of IM drives

Sensor less control of PMSM drives, Predictive torque control of induction motor drive, Multiphase machine drives, Fractional-slot concentrated winding machines and drives.

Unit 5:Machine Modeling

DC, induction motor and synchronous machines; simulation of transients; simulation tools: SABER, PSPICE, and MATLAB-SIMULINK; Simulations of converters, inverters and cyclo-converters etc.

Text/References Books:

1. Dubey G. K., "Fundamentals of Electrical Drives", Narosa Publishing house

2. De N. K., Sen P. K., "Electric Drives", Prentice Hall of India

3. VedamSubramanyam, "Electrical Drives and Control", TMH Publications

4. Mohammed Fazlur Rahman, --Modeling, Simulation And Control Of Electrical Drivesl, Institution

of Engineering And Technology Publication

6 Hours

8 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

BTEEOE605A E-WASTE MANAGEMENT

Unit 1: Sources

Composition and characteristic of hazardous waste, Hazardous Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1989 and amendments, Federal Hazardous Waste Regulations under RCRA, Superfund, CERCLA and SARA. Toxicology, public health impact, Protocols, issues and challenges in transportation of hazardous waste.

Unit 2: E-waste

Introduction, toxicity due to hazardous substances in e-waste and their impacts, domestic e-waste disposal, e-waste management, technologies for recovery of resource from electronic waste.

Unit 3: Guidelines for environmentally sound management of e-waste 7 Hours Occupational perspectives of recycling e-waste in India, Environmental health perspectives of

recycling e-waste.

Unit 4: Hazardous substances waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment 7 Hours

Characteristics of pollutants, batteries, electrical and electronic components, plastic and flame retardants, circuit boards, pollutants in waste electrical and electronic equipment.

Unit 5: E-Waste Recycling

Technologies for recovery of resources from electronic waste, resource recovery potential of e-waste, steps in recycling and recovery of materials-mechanical processing, technologies for recovery of materials.

Text/References Books:

1. New Delhi. Johri R., -E-waste: implications, regulations, and management in India and current global best practices, TERI Press, New Delhi.

2. E-Waste Managing the Digital Dump Yard, Edited by Vishakha Munshi, ICFAI University Press

3. E-Waste Managing the Digital Dump Yard, Edited by Vishakha Munshi, ICFAI University Press

4. Tchobanoglous G., Theisen H., Viquel S.A., -Integrated Solid Waste Management: Engineering,

Principles and Management issues, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd

03 Credits 7 Hours

7 Hours

BTEEOE605B POWER PLANT ENGINEERING

Unit 1: Power Generation from conventional sources

Introduction to conventional energy sources, Thermal, hydro, nuclear and gas power plants - their functions and control; types of prime movers, generators and excitation systems;

Alternate sources of power generation - solar, wind, geo-thermal, ocean-thermal, tidal, wave and MHD. Economic considerations in power systems-Load and Energy survey, load duration curve, plant factor and plant economics,

Unit 2: Thermal and Hydro Power Plants

Thermal Steam and Hydro Power Plants: Selection of site, elements and operational circuits of the power plant, turbo-alternators, plant layout, steam turbines, controls and auxiliaries.

Hydro-electric Power Plants - selection of site, elements of power plant, classification, water turbines, governor action, hydro-electric generator, plant layout, pumped storage plants.

Unit 3: Nuclear Power Plants

selection of site, nuclear reaction - fission process and chain reaction, constituents of power plant and layout, nuclear reactor - working, classification, control, shielding and waste disposal.

Diesel and Gas Power Plants: Advantage and limitations, types of diesel plants, general layout, and applications. Components of gas power plant, gas turbine, fuels, materials, working and applications.

Unit 4: Renewable power plants

Solar power generation – Photo-voltaic and solar thermal generation – solar concentrators,

Wind power generation – types of wind mills, wind generators, tidal, biomass, geothermal and magneto hydro dynamic power generation, micro-hydel power plants, fuel cells

5: Combined operation of power plants

Plant selection, choice of size and number of generator units, Concept of parallel operation of various generating sources and load sharing, interconnected systems, concept of

Grid, real and reactive power exchange among interconnected systems. Major electrical equipment in power plants, DC systems in power plants, station control - switch yard and control room. Economic considerations – types of costs, tariff and consumers.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. Wadhwa, C.L.,"Generation Distribution and Utilisation of Electrical Energy", New Age International Publishers, 3rd Edition, 2010.
- 2. J.B.Gupta, "A Course in Power Systems", S.K.Kataria and Sons, Reprint 2010-2011.
- 3. M. M. El-Wakil, "Power Plant Technology", Mcgraw Hill, Digitized on Dec 2000
- 4. B. G. A. Skrotzki& W. A. Vopat, "Power Station Engineering & Economy", McGraw Hill, Digitized on Dec 2007.

7 Hours

3 Credits 7 Hours

7 Hours

7 Hours

- 5. Chakrabarti A., Soni M.L., Gupta P.V., and Bhatnagar U.S., "A Text Book on Power Systems Engg", DhanpatRai and Sons, New Delhi, 2nd Revised Edition, 2010.
- 6. Nag P. K., "Power Plant Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Publications
- 7. R. K. Rajput, "Power Plant Engineering", Shree Laxmi Publications

BTEEOE605C SENSOR TECHNOLOGY

Unit 1: Measurement and Characteristics

Elements of a Measurement System; Classification of Instruments; Static Performance Parameters; Loading and Impedance Matching; Errors and Uncertainties in Measurement; Process and Standards of Calibration; Dynamic Characteristics Transfer Function Representation of a Measurement System, Impulse and Step Responses of First and Second Order Systems, Frequency Response of First and Second Order Systems.

Unit 2: Mechanical Transducers

Temperature- Bimetallic Element and Fluid Expansion type Thermometers; Pressure- Manometers and Bourdon Gauges; Force- Balances, Helical Spiral Springs, Load Cells and Elastic Force Devices; Torque- Torsion Bars and Flat Spiral Springs; Liquid Level- Float Systems and Level to Pressure Converters; Flow- Pitot Static Tubes and Turbine type Flow Meters. Hot Wire Anemometer. Proximity Sensors- Reed Sensors, Inductive proximity sensor, capacitive proximity sensor, Optical sensor with through beam, Ultrasonic sensors.

Unit 3: Electrical Transducers

Resistance Thermometers; Interfacing Resistive Transducers to Electronic Circuits; Thermistors-Measurement of Temperature and Thermal Conductivity, Temperature Control; Resistance Strain Gauges- Gauge Factor, Bonded and Unbonded Strain Gauges; Self Generating and Non Self Generating Inductive Transducers; Linear Variable Differential Transformers; Capacitive Transducers - Potentiometric Transducers; Thermoelectric Transducers and Sources of Errors in Thermocouples; Piezoelectric Transducers

Unit 4: Basic Signal Conditioning Elements

Amplifiers- Non Electrical and Electrical types; Op Amps Inverting, Non Inverting, Summing, Differential, and Charge Amplifiers; Differentiating and Integrating Elements; Filters;

Data Transmission Elements- Electrical, Pneumatic, Position and Radio Frequency Transmission types; Compensation Elements for First and Second Order Systems - Basic Indicating, Recording, and Display Elements .

Unit 5: Feedback in Instruments

Principles of Feedback and Advantages & Disadvantages of Feedback; Digital Voltmeters-Ramp and Dual Slope types; Servo type Potentiometric and Magnetic Tape Recorders; Digital Recorders of Memory type; Data Displays-Analog and Digital types.

Text/References Books:

- 1. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation, K. Lal Kishore, Pearson Education Publications
- 2. Electronic Instrumentation, H. S. Kalsi-TMH Publications

7 Hours

7 Hours

03 Credits

7 Hours

7 Hours

3. Albert D Helfrick and William D Cooper; Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques; 2004, PHI

- 4. BC Nakra, and Chaudhry; Instrumentation, Measurement and Analysis; 2004, Tata McGrawHill.
- 5. DVS Murthy; Transducers and Instrumentation; 2003, PHI.
- 6. CS Rangan, GR Sarma, and VSV Mani; Instrumentation Devices and Systems; Tata McGraw-Hill
- 7. Doeblin and Ernest; Measurement Systems Application and Design; 2004, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 8. Tilak Thakur Mechatronics || Oxford University Press 2016

BTEEOE605D Lightning Interaction with Power System

Unit 1: Lightning and Climate Change

Lightning Phenomenon and Parameters for Engineering Applications, Lightning Return stroke models for electromagnetic field calculations, Lightning Interaction with Power Substations, Lightning Interaction with Power Transmission Lines

Unit 2: Lightning Interaction with Medium

Voltage Overhead Power Distribution Systems, Flash collection rate, Effects of various parameters on lightning overvoltage, Lightning protection of MV systems, Lightning performance of overhead distribution lines, Lightning Interaction with Low-Voltage Overhead Power Distribution Networks, Typical configurations of LV networks, Lightning surges on LV power systems, Lightning protection of LV networks,

7 Hours Unit 3: Lightning Protection of Structures and system inside of buildings Lightning currents, Lightning protection of buildings, Volume protected against direct lightning strike, Air-termination and down-conductor system, Earth-termination system, Lightning equipotential bonding, Separation distance, Currents and voltages on lines, Grid-like spatial shield, Smart Grid

functions and technologies, Lightning and digital recording technology, Lightning protection of Smart Grid sensors..

Unit 4: Impact on Renewable Energy Systems

Wind turbine components and overview of the lightning protection system, Lightning phenomenology and wind turbines, Lightning damage to wind turbines due to direct impacts, Lightning protection of wind turbine components, Overvoltages in wind farms, Solar energy: solar radiation, parameters, hourly and daily parameters, PV systems: off-grid and grid-connected, considerations of the grid connection, Internal and overvoltage lightning protection, External lightning protection

Unit 5: Measurement of Lightning Currents and Voltages

Lightning current measurements, Measurement method of lightning voltage, Application of various lightning overvoltage sensors in power systems, Application of the FDTD Method to Lightning Studies, Fundamentals, Representations of lightning source, Applications, Software Tools for the Performance FLASH Lightning-induced Lightning Assessment, program, overvoltages-electromagnetic transients program.

Text/References Books:

1. Alexandre Piantini, -Lightning Interaction with Power Systems- volume 1, Institution of Engineering and Technology

2. Alexandre Piantini, —Lightning Interaction with Power Systems- volume 2, Institution of Engineering and Technology

7 Hours

7 Hours

03 Credits

7 Hours

BTEEL606 SWITCHGEAR AND PROTECTION LAB

01 CREDITS

Conduct any 8practicals from given list

- 1. To verify characteristics of Static Overcurrent Relay.
- 2. To verify the characteristics Static over Voltage Relay.
- 3. To verify the characteristics of IDMT Relay.
- 4. To verify the characteristics of Reverse Power Overcurrent Relay/ Negative Sequence Relay.
- 5. To demonstrate working of Distance Protection Scheme for long transmission line.
- 6. To demonstrate working of Differential Protection of Transformer and sketch the schematic diagram for protection scheme.
- 7. To demonstrate working of Differential Protection of Alternator and sketch the schematic diagram for protection scheme.
- 8. Identify the components of different types of circuit breakers with their specifications (through visits/ videos/models)
- 9. To verify the characteristics of MCB, ELCB and HRC fuses.

BTEEL 607 ELECTRICAL MACHINE DESIGN LAB

Conduct any eight practical from given list

- 1 Symbols used in Electrical Engineering
- 2 Design and assembly of Choke with design report.
- 3 Design and assembly of Starter with design report.
- 4 Design and layout of simplex lap winding (Detailed Drawing Sheet)
- 5 Design and layout of wave winding (Detailed Drawing Sheet)
- 6 Design and layout of ac lap winding (Detailed Drawing Sheet)
- 7 Design and assembly of transformer with design report. (Detailed Sheet for General Assembly of transformer)
- 8 Design and assembly of three phase induction Motor with design report.(Detailed Sheet for General Assembly of Induction Motor)
- 9 Complete any two drawings sheets with the help of Computer Aided Design Software like AUTOCAD)

BTEEL608 CONTROL SYSTEM ENGINEERING LAB

Any Eight Experiments from the following list.

- 1. Write a program to obtain: i) pole, zero and gain values from a given transfer functionii)Transfer function model from pole, zero, gain values.
- 2. Write a program to determine of step & impulse response for a first order unity feedback system
- 3. Write a program to generate various standard test signals.
- 4. Write a program to plot the root locus for a given transfer function of the system using MATLAB.
- 5. Write a program to plot the Bode Plot for a given system using MATLAB.
- 6. Write a program to plot the Nyquist Plot for a given system using MATLAB.
- Write a program to design Proportional, Proportional + Integral, Proportional+ Derivative and P-I-D Controller for second order system.
- 8. Write a program to determine of step & impulse response for a second order unity feedback system
- 9. Write a program to determine state space model from transfer function model & vice versa.
- 10. Write a program to determine state space model from transfer function model & vice versa

BTEEM609 SEMINAR

mmmm

02 credit

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University, Lonere.

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University (Established as a University of Technology in the State of Maharashtra) (under Maharashtra Act No. XXIX of 2014) P.O. Lonere, Dist. Raigad, Pin 402 103, Maharashtra Telephone and Fax. : 02140 -275142

www.dbatu.ac.in



COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

For

Final Year B. Tech. Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering

With effect from the Academic Year 2020-2021(Final Year)

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University, Lonere.

B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

Sr. No.	Course Code	Type of	Course Title		Hours per week			aluati chemo		Total Marks	Credits
		Course		L	Τ	Р	MSE	CA	ESE		
1	BTEEC701	PCC1	Power System	3	0	0	20	20	60	100	3
			Operation & Control								
2	BTEEC702	PCC2	High Voltage	3	0	0	20	20	60	100	3
			Engineering								
3	BTEEC703	PCC3	Electrical Drives	3	0	0	20	20	60	100	3
4	BTEEE704	PEC1	Elective-IX	3	0	0	20	20	60	100	3
5	BTEEE705	PEC2	Elective-X	3	0	0	20	20	60	100	3
6	BTEEL706	Lab	Power System	0	0	2		30	20	50	1
			Operation & Control								
			Lab								
7	BTEEL707	Lab	High Voltage	0	0	2		30	20	50	1
			Engineering Lab								
8	BTEEL708	Lab	Electrical Drives	0	0	2		30	20	50	1
			Lab								
9	BTEES709	Seminar	Seminar	0	0	2		30	20	50	1
10	BTEEP710	Project	Project Part-I	0	0	6		30	20	50	3
11	BTEEF711		Field Training						50	50	1
			/Internship/Industrial								
			Training III								
			Total	15	0	14	100	250	450	800	23

Curriculum for Semester VII [Final Year]

Elective-IX	Elective-X
A) Special Purpose Electrical Machines	A) Digital Signal Processing
B) Electrical Traction and Utilization	B) Energy Audit and Conservation
C) Engineering System Design and Optimization	C) Electrical Power Quality
D) Financial Management	D) HVDC Transmission and FACTS

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Technological University, Lonere.

B.Tech (Electrical Engineering / Electrical Engineering (Electronics and Power)/ Electrical & Electronics Engg / Electrical & Power Engineering)

Sr.	Course	Course Title	Hours per week			Evalu	ation Sc	Total	Credits	
No.	Code		L	Т	Р	MSE	CA	ESE	Marks	
	1.Power Management Integrated Circuits2.DC Power Transmission Systems 3.High Power Multilevel Converters 4.Fuzzy Sets, Logic and Systems & Applications 5.The Joy of Computing using Python 6.Introduction to Industry 4.0 and Industrial Internet of Things 7.Entrepreneurship Essentials # Student to opt any two subjects from above list		3	0	0	20*	20*	60*	100	3
			3	0	0	20*	20*	60*	100	3
6	BTEEP803	Project - II	0	0	30		100	150	250	15
		Total	6	0	30	40	240	270	450	21

Curriculum	for	Semester	VIII	[Final Vear	1
Curriculum	101	Semester	V III	[Final I cal	

* Six months of Internship in the industry

*Students doing project at institute will have to appear for CA/MSE/ESE

* Student doing project at Industry will give NPTEL examination / Examination conducted by university i.e. CA/MSE/ESE

These subjects are to be studied on self -study mode using SWAYAM/NPTEL/Any other source

Teacher who work as a facilitator for the course should be allotted 3 hrs/week load.

Project Load: 2hrs/week/project.

Mapping of Courses with MOOCs Platform SWYAM / NPTEL

S.N.	Course Name	Duration	Name of Professor	Institute offering
				Course
1	Power Management Integrated	12 Weeks	Prof. Qadeer Ahmad Khan	IITM
	Circuits			
2	DC Power Transmission Systems	12 Weeks	Prof. Krishna S	IITM
3	High Power Multilevel	12 Weeks	Prof. Anandarup Das	IITD
	Converters			
4	Fuzzy Sets, Logic and Systems &	12 Weeks	Prof. Nishchal Kumar	IITK
	Applications		Verma	
5	The Joy of Computing using	12 Weeks	Prof. Sudarshan Iyengar	IIT Ropar
	Python		Prof. Yayati Gupta	_
6	Introduction to Industry 4.0 and	12 Weeks	Prof. Sudip Misra	IIT KGP
	Industrial Internet of Things			
7	Entrepreneurship Essentials	12 Weeks	Prof. Manoj Kumar Mondal	IIT KGP

BTEEC701: POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial: 0	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Prerequisite:

1. Power System-II

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the fundamental concepts of power system.
- 2. To obtain mathematical model of Synchronous machine, excitation and speed governing system.
- 3. To analyze the transient stability of power system.
- 4. To understand the economic operation of power system.
- 5. To explain various techniques of reactive power and voltage Control

Course Outcome:

- 1. Explain the fundamental concept of power system.
- 2. Design the mathematical model of synchronous machine.
- 3. Design the mathematical model Excitation system and speed governing system.
- 4. Analyze the transient stability of power system using swing equation and equal area criteria.
- 5. Analyze the economic operation of power system.
- 6. Explain the methods of Voltage control.

UNIT I. FUNDAMENTALS OF POWER SYSTEM:

Concepts of real and reactive powers, complex power, per-unit representation of power system, Transmission capacity, load characteristics, real power balance and its effect on system frequency, load frequency mechanism, reactive power, balance and its effect, on-load tap changing transformer and regulating transformer

UNIT II. SYNCHRONOUS MACHINE MODELLING (8hr)

Schematic diagram, Physical description: armature and field structure, machines with multiple pole pairs, MMF waveforms, direct and quadrature axes, Mathematical Description of a Synchronous Machine: Basic equations of a synchronous machine: stator circuit equations, stator self, stator mutual and stator to rotor mutual inductances, dq0 Transformation: flux linkage and voltage equations for stator and rotor in dq0 coordinates, electrical power and torque, physical interpretation of dq0 transformation

UNIT III. MODELLING OF EXCITATION AND SPEED GOVERNING SYSTEM (8hr)

Elements of an Excitation System; Types of Excitation System; Control and protective functions; Functional Block Diagram of Power Generation and Control, Schematic of a hydroelectric plant, classical transfer function of a hydraulic turbine, special characteristic of hydraulic turbine, electrical analogue of hydraulic turbine, Governor for Hydraulic Turbine: Requirement for a transient droop, Block diagram of governor with transient droop compensation, Steam turbine modelling: Single reheat tandem compounded type and cross compound type.

UNIT IV. TRANSIENT STABILITY:

Solution of Swing equation using classical model, application of equal area creation on point by point solution

(6hr)

UNIT V. ECONOMIC OPERATION OF POWER SYSTEM: (6hr)

Distribution of load between units within a plant, transmission loss as function of plant generation, calculation of loss-coefficient, distribution of loads between plants with special reference to steam and hydro plants, automatic load dispatching, Unit commitment, constraints on unit commitment – spinning reserve, thermal and hydro constraints, methods of unit commitment – priority list and dynamic programming.

UNIT VI. REACTIVE POWER AND VOLTAGE CONTROL: (6hr)

Production and absorption of reactive power- Methods of Voltage Control – Shunt reactors – Shunt Capacitors – Series Capacitors – Synchronous condensers – Static Var systems – Principles of Transmission system compensation – Modeling of reactive compensating devices

Reference Books:

- 1. P. Kundur, "Power System Stability and Control", McGraw-Hill, 1993.
- 2. Gross C. A., 'Power System Analysis' McGraw Hill
- 3. Arrilaga J., 'Computerised Power system Analysis' McGraw Hill
- 4. Foud Anderson, 'Power system control dynamics' McGraw Hill
- 5. Kaushik, 'Computerised Power system Analysis' McGraw Hill
- 6. Padiyar K. R., 'Power system dynamics, ' New Age International

BTEEC702: HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial: 0	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Pre-requisite: Electrical Engineering Materials, Power systems I, Power Systems II

Course Objectives:

- 1. To study conduction and breakdown in gases, liquids and solids.
- 2. To understand the methods and measurement of high voltage generation and measurement
- 3. To explain the lightening phenomenon and insulation co-ordination.
- 4. To know different non-destructive testing and standards in HV.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Illustrate the concept of electric field stresses, applications of insulating materials and methods for Non-destructive testing of equipment like transformers, insulators, isolators, bushings, lightning arrestors, cables, circuit breakers and surge diverters.
- 2. Explain the breakdown process in solid, liquid, and gaseous materials
- 3. Analyze methods for generation and measurement of High Voltages and Currents (both ac and dc)
- 4. Describe the phenomenon of over-voltage and choose appropriate insulation coordination levels based on IS & IEC Standards.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING (2hr)

Electric Field Stresses, Poisson's equation, Estimation and Control of Electric Stress, Surge Voltages, their distribution and control.

UNIT II:CONDUCTION & BREAKDOWN IN GASES: (6hr)

Gases as insulation media, ionization processes, Townsend's current growth equation, current growth in presence of secondary processes, Townsend's criterion for breakdown in electronegative gases, time lags for breakdown, Streamers theory, Paschen's law, breakdown in non-uniform fields and corona discharge, corona under positive & negative polarities, glow & arc discharge, considerations in using gases for insulation purpose.

UNIT III: BREAKDOWN IN DIELECTRIC MATERIALS:

Conduction & breakdown in liquid dielectrics: Pure and commercial liquids, breakdown in pure and commercial liquids, theories of breakdown in liquids. Breakdown in solid dielectrics: Intrinsic, electromechanical& thermal breakdown, chemical, electrochemical deterioration, treeing, tracking, internal discharges, breakdown in composite insulation, properties of solid insulators & other materials used in practice. Insulating materials: In power transformers, rotating machines, circuit breakers, cables, power capacitors & other equipment.

(8hr)

UNIT IV: OVER VOLTAGE DUE TO LIGHTENING PHENOMENON: (8hr)

Natural causes for over voltages – Lightning phenomenon, Overvoltage due to switching surges, system faults and other abnormal conditions, propagation of lightning voltage & current waves on transmission lines, reflection & transmission of traveling wave at junction, system control of over voltage due to switching protection of transmission lines against over voltage. Insulation co-ordination, surge diverters, equipment insulation level & co-ordination of substations.

UNIT V:GENERATION & MEASUREMENT OF HIGH VOLTAGES & CURRENTS: (10hr)

Generation of a) high d. c voltage b) power frequency high alternating voltage c) high frequency a. c. d) impulse voltages Standard impulse waves shapes and it's equation, multistage impulse generator, matrix circuit, generation of switching surges, tripping & control of impulse generators, generation of impulse currents.

Measurement of High Direct Current voltages, Abraham Voltmeter Measurement of High Voltages alternating and impulse, Measurement of High Currents-direct, alternating and Impulse, Oscilloscope for impulse voltage and current measurements

UNIT VI:NON DESTRUCTIVE TESTING:

I.E.C. & IS codes for high voltage tests on electrical appliances & power apparatus & electrical motors, non- destructive testing, testing of insulators, bushings, isolators, circuit breakers, cables, transformers, surge diverter, layout of high voltage laboratories & test facilities.

Reference Books:

- 1) High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals by E.Kuffel, W.S.Zaengl, J.Kuffel by Elsevier, 2nd Edition
- 2) High Voltage Insulation Engineering by Ravindra Arora, Wolfgang Mosch, New Age International (P) Limited, 1995.
- 3) High Voltage Engineering, Theory and Practice by Mazen Abdel Salam, Hussein Anis, Ahdan El-Morshedy, RoshdyRadwan, Marcel Dekker

Text Books:

1. Kamaraju V. & Naidu M. S., 'High Voltage Engineering', Tata-McGraw Hill

2. C. L. Wadhwa, "High Voltage Engineering", New Age International Pvt. Ltd

BTEEC703: ELECTRICAL DRIVES	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial: 0	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Pre requisite :Electrical machine-II, Power Electronics

Course objective :

Students will be able to understand the dynamics of drive system. Students will be able to use various methods of speed control of AC and DC Drive. Students will be have the ability to analyze the drive system Students will be able to select proficiently and the proper drive system for particular application. Students will be able to have basic knowledge of recent advancement in Electric Drive.

Course outcomes:

Analyze the dynamics of Electrical Drives system. Use various control techniques for controlling the speed of AC and DC motors. Analyze the AC and DC drives. To Select/recommend the appropriate Drive according to the particular applications. State the recent technology of AC and DC drive

UNIT I: . INTRODUCTION

Advantages of Electrical Drives, Parts of Electrical drive, Choice of Electric drives Dynamics of Electrical drives: fundamental torque equations, multiquadrant operation, nature and classification of load torques, steady state stability, concept of load equalization in drives

UNIT II. .CONTROL OF ELECTRICAL DRIVES

Modes of operation: Steady state, Acceleration, Deceleration, Drive classification. Closed loop control of drives : Current limit control, torque control, speed control, position control, Control of multi motor drives, speed sensing, current sensing, Classes of motor duty & criteria for selection of motor.

UNIT III. DC MOTOR DRIVES

Review of basic characteristics of DC motors, Single phase drives : Single phase half wave converter drives, semi converter drives, Full converter drives, Dual converter drives. Three phase drives : Three phase half wave drives, semi-converter drives, full converter drives, dual-converter drives,

(8hr)

(7hr)

DC-DC converter drives: Principle of Rheostatic and regenerative braking control, combined control, two and four quadrant DC-DC converter fed drives. Introduction to closed loop control of DC drives.

UNIT IV: INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVES

Review of starting, braking and speed control of three phase induction motors, Stator voltage control, Rotor voltage control, frequency control, Voltage and frequency control, Current control, Closed loop control of Induction motors, Principle of Scalar and Vector control of Induction motor, Multiquadrant operation of induction motor drives fed from Voltage Source Inverters. Static rotor resistance control method, static slip power recovery control-Static Scherbius drive and StaticKramer drive.

UNIT V: SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVES

Review of starting, pull in and braking of Synchronous motor, Static variable frequency control for Synchronous motors, Load commutated inverter fed Synchronous motor drive, Introduction to closed loop control of Load commutated inverter fed Synchronous motor drive.

UNIT VI: DRIVES FOR SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS

Textile Mill: various stages and drive requirements control of ac motors for controlling torque. Steel Rolling Mill : reversing and continuous hot and cold rolling mills, Drive requirements, motors for mill drive. Cement mill : Stages in cement production, requirements of mill motors, Kiln drives, crusher drives, fan/blower drives, compressor drive. Sugar Mill : Requirements for various drive motors, selection of motors for various processes

Ref Books:

- 1. Dubey G. K., "Fundamentals of Electrical Drives", Narosa Publishing house
- 2. De N. K., Sen P. K., "Electric Drives", Prentice Hall of India
- 3. VedamSubramanyam, "Electrical Drives and Control", TMH Publications

(6hr)

BTEEE704A: SPECIAL PURPOSE ELECTRICAL MACHINES	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial: 0	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Prerequisite:

AC Machines and DC Machines

Course Objectives:

To impart knowledge on Construction, principle of operation and performance of synchronous reluctance motors, stepping motors, switched reluctance motors, Permanent magnet brushless D.C. motors, Permanent magnet synchronous motors.

Course Outcome:

After Completion of this Course, student will be able

- 1. Demonstrate construction, working principle, and application of various types of special purpose electrical machines
- 2. Select a special Machine for a particular application
- 3. Demonstrate behaviour of induction generator and induction machine.

UNIT I. SYNCHRONOUS RELUCTANCE MOTORS

Constructional features, Types - Axial and radial air gap motors - Operating principle -Reluctance - Phasor diagram - Characteristics - Vernier motor.

UNIT II. STEPPING MOTORS

Constructional features – Principle of operation – Variable reluctance motor – Hybrid motor – Single and multi stack configurations – Theory of torque predictions – Linear and non-linear analysis - Characteristics - Drive circuits.

UNIT III. SWITCHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS

Constructional features – Principle of operation – Torque prediction – Power controllers – Nonlinear analysis - Microprocessor based control - Characteristics - Computer control.

UNIT IV. PERMANENT MAGNET BRUSHLESS D.C. MOTORS (8hr)

Principle of operation – Types – Magnetic circuit analysis – EMF and torque equations – Power controllers - Motor characteristics and control.

UNIT V. PERMANENT MAGNET SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS (8hr)

(6hr)

(6hr)

Principle of operation – EMF and torque equations – Reactance – Phasor diagram – Power controllers - Converter - Volt-ampere requirements – Torque speed characteristics - Microprocessor based control.

UNIT VI. INDUCTION MACHINES

Induction generator-self excitation requirement – voltage regulation – different methods of voltage control –doubly fed induction machine – generation operating mode– linear Induction Motor

Text Books:

- 1. K.Venkataratnam, Special Electrical Machines, Universities Press (India) Private Limited, 2008.
- 2. T. Kenjo, Stepping Motors and Their Microprocessor Controls, Clarendon Press London, 1984
- 3. E.G. Janardanan, Special electrical machines, PHI learning Private Limited, Delhi, 2014.

References:

- 1. R.Krishnan, Switched Reluctance Motor Drives Modeling, Simulation, Analysis, Design and Application, CRC Press, New York, 2001.
- 2. T. Kenjo and S. Nagamori, Permanent Magnet and Brushless DC Motors, Clarendon Press, London, 1988.
- 3. T.J.E.Miller,Brushless Permanent-Magnet and Reluctance Motor Drives, Oxford University Press, 1989.
- 4. R.Srinivasan, Special Electrical Machines, Lakshmi Publications, 2013.

BTEEE704B: ELECTRIC TRACTION & UTILIZATION	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits:3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Prerequisite:

> Basics of Electrical Engineering and Electrical Machine-II.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To possess knowledge of advanced and emerging topics in traction mechanism and illumination engineering and their applications in the field.
- 2. An ability to design a traction system, a component, to meet desired needs of locomotive industry within realistic constraints and confirms manufacturability, and sustainability.
- 3. To mold students professionally to possess in-depth and advanced knowledge by course contents along with emerging topics.

Course Outcomes:

After Completion of this Course, student will be able to

- 1. Identify types of Traction System.
- 2. Interprete Various Power supply in Electric Traction.
- 3. Analyze Various Traction Motors.
- 4. Define methods of Traction motor Control.
- 5. Elobrate Train movement & Breaking in Traction system.
- 6. Classify the indoor and outdoor Illumination system.

UNIT I: ELECTRIC TRACTION SYSTEM:

Electrical transmission: Electrical transmission system employing D.C. generator D.C. series motor, Electrical transmission system employing 3 phase alternator supplying D.C. traction motors, electrical transmission employing 3 phase alternator supplying induction motors, Choice of traction system-battery drive, hybrid drive, flywheel drive, tramways, trolley bus. Track electrification: D.C. System, single phase low frequency A.C. system, single phase high frequency A.C. system, 3 phase A.C. system and composite system.

UNIT II: POWER SUPPLY FOR ELECTRIC TRACTION:

Current collection system, current collectors for Over Head Systems, Overhead construction for Tramways and trolley buses and railways, Sag and Tension calculation for a trolley wire, Traction substations, location of substations, feeding and distributing system, substation

(8hr)

equipment's. Block Diagram of AC Electric locomotive, Signaling interference in telecommunication circuits.

UNIT III: TRACTION MOTORS:

Characteristics of traction motors, straight D.C. series motor, suitability of series motor for traction duty, constructional details of D.C. Traction Motors, Series motor using undulating D.C, suitability of shunt motor for traction duty, single phase series motors, Repulsion motor, compensated repulsion motor, Induction motor with variable frequency with SCR, Linear Induction motor.

UNIT IV: TRACTION CONTROL:

Traction control: Duty cycle, Methods of traction motor control, series-Parallel and other types of controllers, use of interlocks, run back prevented, multiple unit control, Master controllers, Reverses, Dead man's handle, use of Metaldyne and Megavolt.

UNIT V: TRAIN MOVEMENT AND BRAKING:

Speed time curve, its analysis and construction, schedule speed and factors affecting it, train resistance and its components. Tractive effort calculations, average acceleration and speed, energy output and consumption.

Braking: Mechanical versus electric breaking, rheostatic braking, Regenerative braking, method and energy saved in the process, Magnetic track brakes.

UNIT VI: ILLUMINATION:

Requirement of good lighting, Classification of light fitting & luminaries, factors to be considered for design of indoor & outdoor lighting scheme, Design Procedure for factory lighting, street lighting.

Reference Books:

- 1) Utilization of Electrical Power and Electic Traction by J.B. Gupta. (Katson Book publisher)
- 2) H. Partab: Modern Electric Traction, Dhanpat Rai & sons.
- 3) Upadhayay J. & Mahindra S.N., Electric Traction, Allied Publishers Ltd., 1st Ed.
- 4) Rao P.S., Principle of 25 KV Overhead Equipments. R. (Nasik) Printpack Pvt Ltd., 1st Ed.
- 5) Electric Traction for Railway Trains, by Edward P. Burch. McGraw Hill Book Co. Inc.
- 6) C.L.Wadhwa, "Generation, Distribution and Utilization of Electrical Energy", New Age International Publishers.

(6hr)

(8hr)

(6hr)

(6hr)

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BTEEE704C: ENGINEERING SYSTEM DESIGN OPTIMIZATION	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Pre requisite: Linear Algebra, Non-linear Problems

Course Outcome:

- 1. To understand different level optimization problem formulation.
- 2. To study novel methods in optimization.
- 3. To understand and develop genetic algorithm for engineering problems.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Optimization problem formulation, optimization algorithms, applications and examples, different optimization methods available

UNIT II: SINGLE VARIABLE OPTIMIZATION

Optimization criteria, bracketing methods– Exhaustive search method, bound phase method, Region Elimination methods– Fibonacci search method, Golden search method, Gradient based methods– Newton Raphson method, Bisection method, Root finding using optimization technique

UNIT III: MULTI OBJECTIVE OPTIMIZATION

Optimization criteria, Different search methods, Unidirectional search, Direct search method – Evolutionary optimization method, Powell's conjugate direction method, Gradient based methods– Newton's method and Variable metric method.

UNIT IV: SPECIALIZED METHODS

Integer programming, Geometric programming, simulated annealing, Global optimization using - steep descent method, simulated annealing.

UNIT V: GENETIC ALGORITHMS AND EVOLUTIONARY APPROACHES (6hr)

Differences and similarities between genetic algorithms and traditional techniques, operators of GA's, Computer program for simulated annealing, Newton Raphson method, Evolutionary optimization method.

References

Kalyanmoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering design", Prentice Hall,India, 2005.
 Kalyanmoy Deb, "Multi objective optimization using Evolutionaryalgorithms", John Wiley,2001

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(6hr)

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(6hr)

BTEEE704D: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits:3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Course Objectives:

• To help the students to develop cognizance of the importance of Financial Management in corporate valuation

• To enable students to describe how people analyze the corporate leverage under different conditions and understand why people valuate different corporates in different manner.

• To provide the students to analyze specific characteristics of Supply Chain Industry and their future action for cash flow

• To enable students to synthesize related information and evaluate options for most logical and optimal solution such that they would be able to predict and control Debt Equity incurrence and improve results.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

1. The students would be able to understand and define basic terminology used in finance and accounts

2. The students would be able to prepare & appraise Financial Statements and evaluate a company in the light of different measurement systems.

3. The students would be able to analyze the risk and return of alternative sources of financing.

4. Estimate cash flows from a project, including operating, net working capital, and capital spending.

5. To estimate the required return on projects of differing risk ,to estimate the cash flows from an investment project, calculate the appropriate discount rate, determine the value added from the project, and make a recommendation to accept or reject the project

6. To describe and illustrate the important elements in project finance Using financial calculator and Excel in a variety of problems.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Financial Accounting, Book keeping & Recording: Meaning, Scope and importance of Financial Accounting. Financial Accounting - concepts and conventions, classification of accounts, Rules and principles governing Double Entry Book-keeping system, Meaning, Preparation of Journal, Ledger, Cash book & Trial balance.

UNIT II: FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION, ANALYSIS & INTERPRETATION

Preparation of financial statement and Profit & Loss Account, Balance Sheet. , Ratio Analysis - classification of various ratios.

UNIT III: INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Concept of business finance, Goals & objectives of financial management, Sources of financing, Long Term financing- shares, debentures, term loans, lease & hire purchase, retained earnings, public deposits, bonds (Types, features & utility). Short Term Financing- bank finance, commercial paper, trade credit

UNIT IV: WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Concept of working Capital, significance, types. Adequacy of working capital, Factors affecting working capital needs, financing approaches for working capital, Methods of forecasting working capital requirements, Methods of Forecasting.

UNIT V: TIME VALUE OF MONEY & CAPITAL BUDGETING

Concept of time value of money, Compounding & discounting; Future value of single amount & annuity, present value of single amount & annuity; Practical application of time value technique. Capital budgeting - Nature and significance, techniques of capital budgeting –Pay Back Method, Accounting rate of return, Internal Rate of Return, DCF, Net Present Value and profitability index.

UNIT VI: PROJECT FINANCING

Details of the company, its promoters and project finances required, profitability etc., Loan documentation-Appraisal of terms loans by financial institutions. Basic components of project finance.

TEXT & REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Financial Management by Khan & Jain, Text, Problem & Cases, Tata McGraw Hill Publication 5th Edition.

2. Tulsian Financial Management by Dr. P.C.Tulsian, S Chand Publication 5th Edition.

3. Taxman's Financial Management by Ravi M. Kishore, Taxmann 2017 Edition.

4. A Textbook of Financial , Cost & Management Accounting by Dr.P.Pariasamy, Himalaya Publishing House

5. Fundamentals of financial Management by Bhabhtosh Banerjee, PHI publication, 2nd Edition.

BTEEE705A: DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits:3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Prerequisite:

Digital Systems, Interfacing, Z-Transform, Fourier Transform

Course Objectives:

To understand the design and implementation of digital Signal processing systems

Course Outcomes:

After Completion of this Course, student will be able to

- 1. Represent signals, systems and digital processing of analog signals.
- 2. Represent discrete time signals, systems and analysis of Discrete-Time Linear Time-Invariant Systems.
- 3. Apply digital signal processing techniques to analyze discrete time signals in time domain.
- 4. Apply digital signal processing techniques to analyze discrete time signals in frequency domain.
- 5. Design different filter structure
- 6. Validate system functionality and evaluate results.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING (8 hr)

Signals, Systems and Signal Processing: Basic Elements of a Digital Signal Processing System, Advantages of Digital over Analog Signal Processing.

Classification of Signals: Multichannel and Multidimensional Signals, Continuous-Time versus Discrete-Time Signals, Continuous-Valued Versus Discrete-Valued Signals, Deterministic Versus Random Signals.

The Concept of Frequency in Continuous-Time and Discrete-Time Signals: Continuous-Time Sinusoidal Signals, Discrete-Time Sinusoidal Signals, Harmonically Related Complex Exponentials.

Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog Conversion: Sampling of Analog Signals, the Sampling Theorem, Quantization of Continuous-Amplitude Signals, Quantization of Sinusoidal Signals, Coding of Quantized Samples, Digital-to-Analog Conversion, Analysis of Digital Signals and Systems versus Discrete-Time Signals and Systems.

UNIT II: DISCRETE-TIME SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

Discrete-Time Signals: Some Elementary Discrete-Time Signals, Classification of Discrete-Time Signals, Simple Manipulations of Discrete-Time Signals.

Discrete-Time Systems: Input-Output Description of Systems, Block Diagram Representation of Discrete-Time Systems, Classification of Discrete-Time Systems, Interconnection of Discrete-Time Systems.

Analysis of Discrete-Time Linear Time-Invariant Systems: Techniques for the Analysis of Linear Systems, Resolution of a Discrete-Time Signal into Impulses, Response of LTI Systems to Arbitrary Inputs: The Convolution Sum, Properties of Convolution and the Interconnection of LTI Systems, Causal Linear Time-Invariant Systems, Stability of Linear Time-Invariant Systems, Systems with Finite-Duration and infinite-Duration Impulse Response.

Discrete-Time Systems Described by Difference Equations: Recursive and Nonrecursive Discrete-Time Systems, Linear Time-Invariant Systems Characterized by Constant-Coefficient Difference Equations, Solution of Linear Constant-Coefficient Difference Equations, The Impulse Response of a Linear Time-Invariant Recursive System

UNIT III: Z-TRANSFORM AND ITS APPLICATION TO THE ANALYSIS OF LTI SYSTEMS (6 hr)

Z-Transform: Direct z-Transform, Inverse z-Transform. Properties of z-transform. Rational z-Transforms: Poles and Zeros. Pole Location and Time-Domain Behavior for Causal Signals, System Function of a Linear Time-Invariant System. Inversion of the z-Transform: Inverse z-Transform by Contour Integration, Inverse z-Transform by Power Series Expansion, Inverse z-Transform by Partial-Fraction Expansion, Decomposition of Rational z-Transforms, One-sided z-Transform: Definition and Properties, Solution of Difference Equations.

UNIT IV: FREQUENCY ANALYSIS OF SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS (4 hr)

Properties of the Fourier Transform for Discrete-Time Signals: Symmetry Properties of the Fourier Transform, Fourier Transform Theorems and Properties.

UNITV:DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM: PROPERTIES AND APPLICATIONS (8 hr)

Frequency Domain Sampling: The Discrete Fourier Transform: Frequency-Domain Sampling and Reconstruction of Discrete-Time Signals, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), DFT as a Linear Transformation, Relationship of the DFT to Other Transforms. Properties of the DIT: Periodicity. Linearity and Symmetry Properties, Multiplication of Two DFTs and Circular Convolution, Additional DFT Properties.

UNIT VI: IMPLEMENTATION OF DISCRETE- TIME SYSTEMS (6 hr)

Structures for the Realization of Discrete-Time Systems. Structures for FIR Systems: Direct-Form Structure, Cascade-Form Structures, Frequency-Sampling Structures, Lattice Structure.

(8 hr)

Structures for IIR Systems: Direct-Form Structures, Signal Flow Graphs and Transposed Structures, Cascade-Form Structures, Parallel-Form Structures, Lattice and Lattice-Ladder Structures for IIR Systems.

Reference Book:

- 1) John G. Proakis, Dimitris G.Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing".
- 2) Shalivahanan, Vallavaraj and Gnanapriya, "Digital Signal Processing"

Text Book:

- 1) N.G.Palan, "Digital Signal Processing"
- 2) Ramesh Babu, "Digital Signal Processing"
- 3) Alon V. Oppenhelm, "Digitsl Signal Processing", PHI Pub.
- 4) S.K.Mitra, "Digital Signal Processing", TMH Pub.

BTEEE705B: ENERGY AUDIT AND CONSERVATION	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits:3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Pre Requisite:

Basics of Electrical Machines, Power Plant Engineering

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basic process involved in the energy audit and the terminologies associated in the process.
- 2. To be able to develop audit reports of any firm including large and small scale industries, residential and commercial establishments.
- **3.** To select and comment on the appropriate method for the planning and monitoring of any energy conservation project.

Course Outcomes:

After Completion of this Course, student will be able

- 1. To recognize Global Environmental Issues and Role of Renewable & non-conventional energy sources
- 2. To estimate Energy efficiency opportunities in Thermal- Mechanical Systems and Electrical System.
- 3. To analyze Energy Conservation Proposals economically and prepare audit reports.

UNIT I: SOURCES OF ENERGY:

Energy resources, Stored & running resources, Environmental Concerns – Global Warning , Depletion of Ozone layer, Kyoto Protocol, UNFCCC, CDM, Carbon Emissions, Role of Renewable Energy Sources

UNIT II:

Energy Conservation Act 2001, Designated Consumers, Energy Policy, BEE and its role in Energy Conservation, Energy Audit – Need, Types, Methodology, Steps involved in Energy Audit, Energy Costs and Benchmarking, Measurements for Energy Audit, Energy Management Duties and Responsibilities.

UNIT III: THERMAL MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

Boiler Efficiency by direct and indirect methods, Energy efficiency opportunities in boilers, HVAC, and refrigeration systems, compressed air systems, pumps, cooling towers, fans and blowers, Cogeneration – Need and Principle, Prime movers for cogeneration, Waste heat recovery systems – Recuperators, economizer heat recovery boilers.

(7hr)

(6hr)

(8hr)

UNIT IV: ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Utilities: Energy conservation in generation, transmission, distribution & utilization, Electrical billing, load management, maximum demand control, APFC Panel, PF improvement and benefits, Energy Efficient motors and starter, lightning systems, Electronic Ballast

UNIT V:

(6hr)

(7hr)

Planning, Implementation & monitoring of energy conservation project, Time Value of money, Financial Investment – Simple payback period, ROI (Return on Investment), Net Present value, Internal rate of return, profitability index. All calculations and numerical interpretation.

UNIT VI:

(6hr)

Case studies on various industrial sectors like Steel Plant, Thermal Plant, Industries Building and Commercial Establishments and preparing audit reports

Text Books:

- 1. "Industrial Energy Conservation" Charles M Gottschalk ,John Willey and Sons
- 2. "Energy Management" Paul O Callagham, Tata Mc Grawhill
- 3. "Energy Technology" S Rao and B Parulekar, Khanna Publisher

References:

1. "Energy Management Handbook" – Wayne C Turner

BTEEE705C: ELECTRICAL POWER QUALITY	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits:3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Prerequisite:

- 1. Basic Electrical concepts
- 2. Power Electronics concepts
- 3. Power system concepts

Course Objectives:

- 1. To study the various power quality issues, their production, monitoring and mitigation.
- 2. To study the various power quality standards.
- 3. To study various power quality monitoring methods.
- 4. To apply appropriate solution techniques for power quality Problems.

Course Outcome:

After Completion of this Course....

- 1. Student will be able to get the in-depth understanding of power quality issues & standards.
- 2. Students will be able to understand working of power quality improving Equipment's.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Understanding Power quality, definitions, growing concerns to Power Quality, Evaluation Procedure, General Classes of Power Quality disturbances, causes and effects of Power Quality disturbances

UNIT II: TRANSIENT OVER VOLTAGES

Sources, causes and effects, Principle of Overvoltage protection and solutions. VoltageSag and Interruptions: causes and effects, estimation of voltage sag performance, principle ofprotection and solutions.

UNIT III: LONG-DURATION VOLTAGE VARIATIONS (7hr)

Long Duration Voltage variations, principles of regulating voltage Devices for voltage regulation, flickers, flicker sources and mitigation, quantifying flicker.

(7hr)

(7hr)

UNIT IV: FUNDAMENTALS OF HARMONICS

Harmonic distortion, sources of harmonics, effects of harmonic distortion, Voltage Vs Current Harmonics, Active, Reactive, Volt-Amp power under non sinusoidal conditions, Harmonic Indices (THD and TDD), principles of harmonic control, mitigating devices, interharmonics, IEEE standard 519.

UNIT V: WIRING AND GROUNDING

Reasons for Grounding, wiring and grounding problems and solutions

UNIT VI: POWER QUALITY MONITORING

Monitoring Considerations, site survey, Monitoring Quality, monitoring location, PQ measuringinstruments, assessment of power quality measurement data, IEEE 1159 Standard. Impact of poor power quality on Reliability Indices.

References/Books:

1. Chattopadhyay, Surajit, Mitra, Electric Power Quality, Springer.

2.Haytt G. T., -Electric Power Qualityl, Stars In Circle Publication.

3. NPTEL courses

- a) NOC:Power Quality Improvement Technique, IIT Roorkee by Avik Bhattacharyya.
- b) Power Quality in Power Distribution Systems, IIT Madras by Dr. Mahesh Kumar.

(7hr)

(4hr)

BTEEE705D: HVDC TRANSMISSION AND FACTS	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20 Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20 Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60 Marks

Pre requisite: Power System-II, Power Electronics

Course Outcome:

- 1. To understand importance, configuration and types of HVDC transmission.
- 2. To analyst the operation of HVDC converter, system control and protection.
- 3. To understand the concept of FACTS, their role, type and functionality.
- 4. To analyze the operation of static series and shunt compensator.

UNIT I: DC POWER TRANSMISSION FUNDAMENTALS

Introduction, Economics of Dc Power transmission, comparison with AC system, Types of DC links, major components of converter station, planning of HVDC system.

UNIT II: HVDC CONVERTER

Choice of converter configuration, analysis of Gratz circuit with and without overlap, working of converter as rectifier and inverter, equivalent circuit for HVDC link

UNIT III: HVDC SYSTEM CONTROL

HVDC System Control: Principles of DC link control, converter control characteristics, firing angle control, current and extinction angle control, Starting and stopping of HVDC link

UNIT IV: CONVERTER FAULTS AND PROTECTION

Converter Faults and Protection: Types of faults-commutation failure, Arc through, Misfire, short circuit in bridge, Over current and over voltage protection, Detection of line faults, Principle of DC circuit interruption, DC breakers, Types and characteristics of DC breakers, effects of proximity of AC and DC transmission lines.

UNIT V: FACTS CONCEPT AND GENERAL SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS (6hr)

Transmission Interconnections, Flow of Power in an AC System, Loading Capability limits, Power Flow and Dynamic Stability Considerations of a Transmission Interconnection, Relative Importance of Controllable Parameters, Basic types of FACTS Controllers, Description and Definitions of FACTS Controllers, Benefits from FACTS Technology, Comparison between HVDC & FACTS.

UNIT VI: STATIC SHUNT COMPENSATORS

Static Shunt Compensators: Objective of shunt compensation, Methods of Controllable VAR Generation, Static VAR Compensators: SVC and STATCOM, Comparison of SVC and

(6hr)

(6hr)

(8hr)

(6hr)

STATCOM, Static VAR Systems (SVS)Static Series Compensation: Objective of series compensation, Variable Impedance Type Series Compensators, Switching Converter Type Series Compensators

References

- 1. Padiyar K. R., "HVDC Power Transmission Systems", New Age International.
- 2. Kimbark, "HVDC Transmission", John Willey AndSons.
- 3. Hingorani N. G., "Understanding FACTS", IEEE Press2001
- 4. Yong Hua Song, 'Flexible AC transmission systems(FACTS)'IEEE

BTEEL706: POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL LAB	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Practical: 2hr	Continuous Assessment: 30 Marks
Total Credits: 1	End Term Exam: 20 Marks

Sr. No.	List of the Experiment
1	Write a program for economic dispatch in power systems using
2	Simulation of Automatic voltage regulator using MATLAB.
3	Write a program to compute the voltage and power factor for a given system using
	MATLAB.
4	Write a program to solve Swing Equation by Classical Method.
5	Write a program to plot power angle curve of synchronous machine using MATLAB.
6	Write a program to solve the given Equal Area Criteria problem using MATLAB.
7	To demonstrate the Excitation System for Synchronous machine using MATLAB
8	Simulation of single area load frequency control using MATLAB.

BTEEL707: HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING LAB		
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	
Practical: 2hr	Continuous Assessment: 30 Marks	
Total Credits: 1	End Term Exam: 20 Marks	

Sr. No.	List of Experiment
1	Study of Faraday Cage for HV labs.
2	Study of Standard HV Laboratory layouts.
3	One min. (1-min.) DC high voltage withstand test on Equipment. (Max. up to 10 KV).
4	Effect of gap length on liquid insulating material.
5	Breakdown Strength of composite dielectric material.
6	Study of impulse generator.
7	High voltage withstand test on cables/safety gloves/shoes, as per IS. (Max. 2.25 KV
	DC)
8	Horn gap arrangement as surge diverter.
9	Measurement audible and visible corona inception and extinction voltage
10	Development of tracks and trees on polymeric insulation.
11	Study of Effect of EHV field on Human, Animals & Plants.

BTEEL708: ELECTRICAL DRIVES LAB		
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	
Practical: 2hr	Continuous Assessment: 30 Marks	
Total Credits: 1	End Term Exam: 20 Marks	

Pre	Basic electronics engineering, basic electronics engineering	
requisite	Course	
Course	• Efficiently use various AC and DC drive.	
Outcome	Simulate various drive system	
Sr.No	List of Experiments	
1	Study the ramp comparator firing circuit.	
2	Study of single phase half wave converter and semi converter DC Drive .	
3	Study of single phase full controlled converter (Bridge converter) DC Drive.	
4	Speed control of DC motor using chopper.	
5	Simulation of single phase half wave and semiconductor controlled DC drive.	
6	Simulation of chopper fed DC Drive .	
7	Study of AC Drive .	
8	Study of V/f control of AC drive	
9	Study the inverter fed induction motor drive.	
10	Simulation of AC drive .	

BTEES709: SEMINAR		
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	
Practical: 2hr	Continuous Assessment: 30 Marks	
Total Credits: 1	End Term Exam: 20 Marks	

Student shall choose a topic of his/her interest in consultation with faculty in the department. The topic for seminar may be related to Recent Developments in Instrumentation Engineering area and/or interdisciplinary area. Student shall attempt to collect necessary information and present a summary indicating comprehension of the topic and acquired depth of knowledge. A brief report on topic of seminar shall be submitted. Evaluation shall be based on report and power point presentation.

BTEEP710: PROJECT PART-I		
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	
Practical: 6hr	Continuous Assessment: 30 Marks	
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 20 Marks	

Term work shall consist of detailed report for chosen topic and output of final working proposed. Report shall summarize the literature survey, spell out the scope of work, methodology and results. Viva-voce Examination shall be based on work carried out by the student. In case of students opting for Internship in the eighth semester, the Project may be industry-based.

BTEEF711: FIELD TRAINING/INTERNSHIP/INDUSTRIAL TRAINING III		
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	
Practical:	Continuous Assessment:	
Total Credits: 1	End Term Exam: 50 Marks	

Students are expected to undergo industrial training for at least four weeks at factory / design offices or in combination of these after VI semester. Training session shall be guided and certified by qualified engineer / industry expert. A neat detailed report on activities carried out during training is expected. Students should undergo training in Summer Vacation after Semester VI and appear at examination in Semester VII. A brief report of industrial training shall be submitted. Evaluation shall be based on report and power point presentation.

POWER MANAGEMENT INTEGRATED CIRCUITS	
Teaching Scheme:Examination Scheme:	
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20* Marks
Total Credits: 3	Internal Assessment: 20* Marks
	End Term Exam: 60* Marks

Prof. Qadeer Ahmad Khan | IIT Madras Course Duration: 12 weeks

CourseOutline:

This course is intended to develop understanding of why power management circuits are needed in a VLSI system, what are the different components of a power management system with focus on voltage regulators. By the end of this course, students should be able to understand the concept behind power management circuits and design a linear (LDO) and switching regulator (dc-dc converter) for a given specifications using behavioral and circuit level simulators.

Course Plan:

Week 1 : Introduction to Power Management - Application, Need, Discrete vs. Integrated PMIC; DC-DC Converters, Types of DC-DC Converters, Linear versus Switching Regulator, Choosing between Linear and Switching Regulators, Choosing the Type of Regulator in a Multi-Chip System; Performance Parameters - Efficiency, Accuracy, Line and Load Regulation, Line and Load Transient, PSRR; Remote versus Local Feedback, Point-of-Load Regulator, Kelvin Sensing, Droop Compensation; Current Regulators and their Applications; Bandgap Voltage Reference - Designing a Bandgap Reference using PTAT and CTAT Voltage References, Brokaw Bandgap Circuit.

Week 2:Sub-1-volt Bandgap Reference; Introduction to Linear Regulator, Applications of Linear Regulator; Review of Feedback Systems and Bode Plots, Loop Gain AC Analysis, Stability Criterion and Phase Margin, Review of First-Order and Second-Order Systems, Relationship between Damping Factor and Phase Margin; Parasitic Capacitances in a MOS transistor, Finding the Poles of the Error Amplifier; Stabilising a Linear Regulator - Frequency Compensation Techniques, Dominant Pole Compensation.

Week 3 : Miller Compensation, R.H.P. zero due to Miller Compensation, Intuitive Methods of Determining Poles and Zeros after Miller Compensation, Pole Splitting due to Miller Compensation, Reducing the Effect of R.H.P. zero; LDO with NMOS Pass Element; Load Regulation and Output Impedance of LDO; Line Regulation and PSRR of LDO; Sources of Error in a Regulator, Static Offset Correction, Dynamic Offset Cancellation.

Week 4 : Digital LDO, Avoidance of Limit-Cycle Oscillations in a Digital LDO, Hybrid LDO; Short-Circuit Protection and Foldback Current Limit in an LDO; Basic Concept of a Switching Regulator, Inductor volt-second Balance, Power Stage of a Buck Converter and Calculation of Duty Cycle; Transformer Model of a Buck Converter, Resistive Losses, Efficiency of a Switching Regulator, Efficiency considering only Conduction Losses; Synchronous and Non-Synchronous Switching Converters; PWM Control Techniques (Voltage-Mode and CurrentMode Control); Losses in Switching DC-DC Converter- Conduction Loss, Gate-Driver Switching Loss, Segmented Power FETs, Dead-Time Switching Loss.

Week 5 : Hard Switching Loss, Magnetic Loss, Relative Significance of Losses as a Function of the Load Current; Inductor Current Ripple and Output Voltage Ripple in a DC-DC Converter, Ripple Voltage versus Duty Cycle, Ripple Voltage versus Input Supply Voltage; Choosing the Inductor and Capacitor of a Buck Converter; Continuous and Discontinuous Conduction Modes - Boundary Condition, Voltage Conversion Ratio in DCM; Concept of Pulse Frequency Modulation (PFM); Classification of Pulse Width Modulators -- Trailing, Leading and Dual-Edge PW Modulators; Control Techniques for DC-DC Converter; Voltage Mode Control, Small-Signal Modeling of a DC-DC Converter, Loop Gain and Stability Analysis using Continuous-Time Model.

Week 6 : Compensating a Voltage-Mode-Controlled Buck Converter; Designing Type-I (Integral), Type-II (PI) and Type-III (PID) Compensators; Implementation of Compensators using Op Amp-RC and Gm-C Architectures, Finding Compensation Parameters; Design Examples with Simulation Demonstrations.

Week 7 : Designing Type-III Compensator using Gm-C Architecture and Design Example; Ramp Generator with Feed-Forward Line Compensation, Loop Gain Compensation via Gmmodulation; Designing a Buck Converter - Power Loss Budgeting, Sizing of Power FETs, Estimation of Switching Losses and Choice of Switching Frequency, Choosing the External Passive Components (L and C); Choice of C in Relation to Factors that Limit the Load Transient Response; Inductor and Capacitor Characteristics, Reducing the Effect of Capacitor ESL.

Week 8 : Designing the Gate-Driver (Gate Buffer and Non-Overlap Clock Generator), Designing the Ramp Generator in a Pulse-Width Modulator, Design Considerations of the Error Amplifier; Delays Associated with Pulse-Width Modulators; PFM/PSM for Light Load, Using PSM in CCM to Avoid Duty Cycle Saturation; DCM Operation using an NFET; Designing a Zero-Cross Detector/Comparator; Introduction to Current Mode Control; Peak, Valley and Average CMC; Sub-Harmonic Oscillations, Avoiding Current Loop Instability via Slope Compensation in a Current-Mode-Controlled Buck Converter.

Week 9:Non-Linear Control Techniques for DC-DC Converters; Hysteretic Control - Stability Issues due to Phase Shift between Inductor Current and Capacitor Voltage; Voltage-Mode versus Current-Mode Hysteretic Control, Stabilising a Voltage-Mode-Controlled Hysteretic Converter using R_esr, Relation between Hysteresis Window and Switching Frequency, Using R-C Circuit as Ripple Generator in a Current-Mode-Controlled Hysteretic Converter, Hybrid Voltage-Mode and Current-Mode Hysteretic Control, Fixed-Frequency Hysteretic Control, Effect of Loop Delay, Frequency-Regulation and Voltage-Regulation Loops in a Fixed-Frequency Hysteretic Converter; Constant ON/OFF-Time Control; Basic Concept of a Boost Converter, RHP zero in a Boost Converter.

Week 10 : Introduction to the Buck-Boost Converter, Tri-Mode Buck-Boost Converter, Boundary Conditions for Mode Transition in a Tri-Mode Buck-Boost Converter, Generation of Buck and Boost Duty Cycles; Introduction to Switched-Capacitor DC-DC Converters, Applications of SC DC-DC Converters in Open-Loop, Output Regulation in SC DC-DC Converters using Feedback Control, H-Bridge SC DC-DC Converter, Multiple Gain Settings in SC DC-DC Converters; Current-Sensing Techniques in DC-DC converters.

Week 11 : Selecting the Process Node for a PMIC, Chip-Level Layout and Placement Guidelines, Board-Level Layout Guidelines, EMI Considerations; Introduction to Advanced Topics in Power Management --- Digitally-Controlled DC-DC Converters, Adaptive Compensation Techniques, Limitations of Analogue and Digital Controllers, Time-Based Control Techniques and their Drawbacks, Multi-Phase DC-DC Converters; Dynamic Voltage and Frequency Scaling (DVFS); Single-Inductor Multiple-Output (SIMO) DC-DC Converters.

Week 12 : Introduction to Advanced Topics in Power Management (continued) - DC-DC Converters for LED Lighting, LCD/AMOLED Display Drivers, LED Drivers for Camera Flash, Lithium-ion Battery and its Charging Phases, Battery Charger ICs.

DC POWER TRANSMISSION SYSTEM	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 03	Mid-term Test: 20* Marks
Tutorial: 00	Internal Assessment: 20* Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60* Marks

Prof. Krishna S, IIT Madras

Course Duration: 12 weeks

CourseOutline:

This course gives an introduction to the DC power transmission system using the conventional line commutated converters. The topics covered include a detailed analysis of the 6 pulse line commutated converter (LCC), 12 pulse LCC, capacitor commutated converter, DC link control, and design of single tuned filter.

Course Plan:

Week 1: Introduction, choice of converter configuration

Week 2: Converter configuration for pulse number equal to 6, analysis of 6 pulse LCC neglecting overlap

Week 3: Fourier series, analysis of 6 pulse LCC neglecting overlap

Week 4: 2 and 3 valve conduction mode of 6 pulse LCC

Week 5: Extinction angle, 3 and 4 valve conduction mode and 3 valve conduction mode of 6 pulse LCC

Week 6: Commutation margin angle, normalization, characteristics of 6 pulse LCC, steady state analysis of a general LCC

Week 7: 6 pulse LCC with other circuits on the AC and DC sides

Week 8: Capacitor commutated converter, 12 pulse LCC

Week 9: Mode of operation of 12 pulse LCC, purposes of transformer, applications of DC transmission, types of DC link, DC link control

Week 10: Converter control characteristics, MTDC systems, non-characteristic harmonics

Week 11: Design of single tuned filter

Week 12: Double tuned and damped filters, reactive power requirement, comparison of AC and DC transmission

HIGH POWER MULTILEVEL CONVERTERS	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20* Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20* Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60* Marks

Prof. Anandarup Das, IIT Delhi Course Duration: 12 weeks

CourseOutline:

The course covers different types of high power converters used in the industry for applications in HVDC, FACTS, Motor Drives, Power quality improvement. Traditional converters like NPC and emerging converters like modular multilevel converters will be covered. Operational issues and design considerations for these medium/high voltage high power converters will be covered. The course will discuss many practical issues faced in the industry while designing and operation of these converters.

Course Plan:

Week 1: (a) Half bridge, Full bridge and three phase converters, sinusoidal PWM

Week 2: (a) 3rd harmonic addition, space vector PWM

- Week 3 : (a) Different types of multilevel converters (b) Cascaded H-Bridge converter – Basic operation
- Week 4 : (a)PWM Techniques for CHB converter (b) Fault tolerant operation of CHB converter
- Week 5: (a) Modular Multilevel converter- Topology, operation and PWM
- Week 6 : (a) Capacitor voltage balancing in MMC (b) Design of components of MMC
- Week 7 : (a) NPC converter Basic operation (b) NPC (3 level) Space vector diagram

Week 8: NPC - PWM technique and midpoint balancing

Week 9: (a) Case study of High Power converters for Motor drive and HVDC application

Week 10: (a) Multi –pulse transformers

Week 11 : (a) Gate Drive circuit designing, protection and condition monitoring in high power converters

Week 12: (a) Other topologies : conclusion

FUZZY SETS, LOGIC AND SYSTEMS & APPLICATIONS		
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20* Marks	
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20* Marks	
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60* Marks	

Prof. Nishchal Kumar Verma, IIT Kanpur Course Duration: 12 weeks

CourseOutline:

The course is designed to give a solid grounding of fundamental concepts of fuzzy logic and its applications. The level of the course is chosen to be such that all students aspiring to be a part of computational intelligence directly or indirectly in near future should get these concepts.

Course Plan:

Week 1 :Introduction and Fuzzy Sets Theory

Week 2: Membership Functions

Week 3: Set Theoretic Operations

Week 4: Fuzzy Arithmetic

Week 5: Fuzzy Relations

Week 6: Fuzzy Inference Systems I

Week 7: Fuzzy Inference Systems II

Week 8: Wang and Mendel Model

Week 9: TSK Model

Week 10: Fuzzifiers and Defuzzifiers

Week 11: ANFIS Architecture

Week 12: Fuzzy Systems and Machine Learning

THE JOY OF COMPUTING USING PYTHON	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20* Marks
Tutorial: 1hr	Internal Assessment: 20* Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60* Marks

Prof.Sudarshan Iyengar, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, IIT Ropar Course Duration: 12 weeks

CourseOutline:

ThisisamostfundamentalDigitalCircuitDesigncourseforpursingamajorinVLSI. We do not deal with any Verilog coding during this course and instead discuss transistor level circuit design concepts in greatdetail.

Learning objectives of this course are:

- Characterize the key delay quantities of a standardcell
- Evaluate power dissipated in a circuit (dynamic andleakage)
- Design a circuit to perform a certain functionality with specifiedspeed
- Identify the critical path of a combinational circuit
- Convert the combinational block to pipelinedcircuit
- Calculate the maximum (worst case) operating frequency of the designed circuit

Course Plan:

Motivation for Computing Variables and Expressions: Design your own calculator Loops and Conditionals: Hopscotch once again Lists, Tuples and Conditionals: Let's go on a trip Abstraction Everywhere: Apps in your phone Counting Candies: Crowd to the rescue Birthday Paradox: Find your twin Google Translate: Speak in any Language Currency Converter: Count your foreign trip expenses Monte Hall: 3 doors and a twist Sorting: Arrange the books Searching: Find in seconds Substitution Cipher: What's the secret !! Sentiment Analysis: Analyse your Facebook data 20 questions game: I can read your mind Permutations: Jumbled Words Spot the similarities: Dobble game Count the words: Hundreds, Thousands or Millions. Rock, Paper and Scissor: Cheating not allowed !! Lie detector: No lies, only TRUTH

Calculation of the Area: Don't measure. Six degrees of separation: Meet your favourites Image Processing: Fun with images Tic tac toe: Let's play Snakes and Ladders: Down the memory lane. Recursion: Tower of Hanoi Page Rank: How Google Works !!

INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRY 4.0 AND INDUSTRIAL INTERNET OF THINGS	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20* Marks
Tutorial:	Internal Assessment: 20* Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60* Marks

Prof. SudipMisra, IIT Kharagpur

Course Duration: 12 weeks

CourseOutline:

Industry 4.0 concerns the transformation of industrial processes through the integration of modern technologies such as sensors, communication, and computational processing. Technologies such as Cyber Physical Systems (CPS), Internet of Things (IoT), Cloud Computing, Machine Learning, and Data Analytics are considered to be the different drivers necessary for the transformation. Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT) is an application of IoT in industries to modify the various existing industrial systems. IIoT links the automation system with enterprise, planning and product lifecycle.

Course Plan:

Week 1 :Introduction: Sensing & actuation, Communication-Part I, Part II, Networking-Part I, Part II

Week 2 : Industry 4.0: Globalization and Emerging Issues, The Fourth Revolution, LEAN Production Systems, Smart and Connected Business Perspective, Smart Factories

Week 3 : Industry 4.0: Cyber Physical Systems and Next Generation Sensors, Collaborative Platform and Product Lifecycle Management, Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality, Artifical Intelligence, Big Data and Advanced Analysis

Week 4 : Cybersecurity in Industry 4.0, Basics of Industrial IoT: Industrial Processes-Part I, Part II, Industrial Sensing & Actuation, Industrial Internet Systems.

Week 5 :IIoT-Introduction, Industrial IoT: Business Model and RefereceArchiterture: IIoT-Business Models-Part I, Part II, IIoT Reference Architecture-Part I, Part II.

Week 6 : Industrial IoT- Layers: IIoT Sensing-Part I, Part II, IIoT Processing-Part I, Part II, IIoT Communication-Part I.

Week 7 : Industrial IoT- Layers: IIoT Communication-Part II, Part III, IIoT Networking-Part I, Part III, Part III.

Week 8 : Industrial IoT: Big Data Analytics and Software Defined Networks: IIoT Analytics - Introduction, Machine Learning and Data Science - Part I, Part II, R and Julia Programming, Data Management with Hadoop.

Week 9 : Industrial IoT: Big Data Analytics and Software Defined Networks: SDN in IIoT-Part I, Part II, Data Center Networks, Industrial IoT: Security and Fog Computing: Cloud Computing in IIoT-Part I, Part II.

Week 10 : Industrial IoT: Security and Fog Computing - Fog Computing in IIoT, Security in IIoT-Part I, Part II, Industrial IoT- Application Domains: Factories and Assembly Line, Food Industry.

Week 11 : Industrial IoT- Application Domains: Healthcare, Power Plants, Inventory

Management & Quality Control, Plant Safety and Security (Including AR and VR safety applications), Facility Management.

Week 12 : Industrial IoT- Application Domains: Oil, chemical and pharmaceutical industry, Applications of UAVs in Industries, Real case studies :

Case study - I : Milk Processing and Packaging Industries

Case study - II: Manufacturing Industries - Part I

Case study - III : Manufacturing Industries - Part II

Case study - IV : Student Projects - Part I

Case study - V : Student Projects - Part II

Case study - VI : Virtual Reality Lab

Case study - VII : Steel Technology Lab

ENTREPRENEURSHIP ESSENTIALS	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 3hr	Mid-term Test: 20* Marks
	Internal Assessment: 20* Marks
Total Credits: 3	End Term Exam: 60* Marks

Prof. Manoj Kumar Mondal, IITKharagpur

Course Duration: 12 weeks

CourseOutline:

The course provides foundational knowledge on various aspects of entrepreneurial venture creation and management during its life-cycle. It has been designed to address multidisciplinary audiences. The objective of the course is to teach key issues faced by entrepreneurs and managers at different stages of the life-cycle of an enterprise and is relevant both for aspiring entrepreneurs and for decision makers in established enterprises. Topics can be classified in some major themes such as : Making a choice to create an entrepreneurial venture, current trend of technology entrepreneurship, how to start a start-up, identifying opportunities, factors driving competitive advantages, organizational structure, basic knowledge of financial statements and project report, introductory knowledge on marketing management, human resource management, & strategic management, risk analysis, legal aspect of business, how to raise fund during life-cycle of a new ventures.

Course Plan:

Introduction
DhirubhaiAmbani& Sofia
Myths & Realities about entrepreneurship
entrepreneurial qualities
Why start-ups fail?
Mission, vision, entrepreneurial qualities – I
Mission, vision, entrepreneurial qualities – II
Value proposition
Business Model canvas
Business model generation
Competitive advantage
Lean start-up – 1
Lean start-up -2
Team and early recruit
Legal forms of business
Marketing management 1
Marketing management 2
Market research –I
Market research –II
Market research – Example
Introduction to financial statements
Profit & Loss statement
Balance sheet

	Cash flow
	Example – 1
	Example – 2
	Cost-volume-profit & Bread-Even analysis
	Capital budgeting
Week 6:	Business plan-I
	Business plan-II
	Pitching
	Go-to-market strategies
	Does & Don'ts
Week 7:	How to innovate
	Design Thinking
	Design-Driven Innovation, Systems thinking
	Open innovation, TRIZ
	How to start a start-up?
Week 8:	Government incentives for entrepreneurship (1 lecture)
	Incubation, acceleration
	Funding new ventures – bootstrapping, crowd sourcing,
	angel investors, VCs, debt financing (3), due diligence
	Legal aspects of business (IPR, GST, Labour law)
Week 9:	Cost, volume, profit and break-even analysis
	Margin of safety and degree of operating leverage
	Capital budgeting for comparing projects or opportunities
	Product costing
	Product pricing
Week 10: F	Funding new ventures – bootstrapping, crowd sourcing,
	Angel investors, VCs, debt financing (3), and due diligence
	Incubation and acceleration
	Government incentives for entrepreneurship
	Project cost and Financial Closure
Week 11: [Dos &Donts in entrepreneurship
	Growth Hacking
	Growth Strategy
	Legal aspects of business (IPR, GST, Labor law)
	Negotiation skill
Week 12: H	Iuman Resource management in startups
	Pivoting
	Entrepreneurial cases
	Risk assessment and analysis
	Strategy management for entrepreneurial ventures
	Factors driving success and failure of ventures
	Concluding remarks

BTEEP803: PROJECT-II	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Practical: 30hr	Continuous Assessment: 100 Marks
Total Credits: 15	End Term Exam: 150 Marks

Since Project Stage II is in continuation to Project Stage I, the students are expected to complete the total project by the end of semester VIII. After completion of project work, they are expected to submit the consolidated report including the work done in stage I and stage II.

The report shall be comprehensive and presented typed on A4 size sheets and bound. The number of copies to be submitted is number of students plus two. The assessment would be carried out by the panel of examiners for both, term work and oral examinations.